# Analysis of Invisible Higgs production in the tth channel

Introduction Analysis overview Results so far Comparison to reference Kinematic fit Conclusion

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#### Introduction

#### Motivation:

- Several scenarios for physics BSM predict a significant invisible branching ratio
- Complementary to the VBF channel with invisible Higgs

#### Build upon work done at Royal Holloway:

(E.Brambilla, talk at Higgs WG meeting, May 2002; T.L.Cheng, MSc.Thesis, available at: http://www.pp.rhul.ac.uk/~ctehlee/)

#### Aim to reproduce and build upon results from previous analysis:

(B.Kersevan, M.Malawski, E.Richter-Was, Eur. Phys. J C29 (2003) 541, ATL-COM-PHYS-2003-016; M.Malawski, MSci Thesis, hep-ph/0407160)

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#### Analysis overview



Process	σxBR
tth	330 (*) fb
tt	490 000 fb
bbW, W $\rightarrow$ Iv	73 000 fb
bbZ, $Z \rightarrow I^+I^-$	61 400 fb
ttW, W $\rightarrow$ Iv	420 fb
ttZ, $Z \rightarrow v$	190 fb

Cut-based analysis Only signal and tt backg so far Difficulties:

- Two components of missing momentum: can't reconstruct t→bvl
  - ttbar is the most significant background and is very similar to signal
- Signal/Background ~10<sup>-3</sup>

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(\*)  $\sigma$ =520 fb in reference analysis, with SM couplings

#### Cuts

Reference analysis cuts:

- 1 electron (p<sub>T</sub>>25GeV; |η|<2.5)</li>
- or 1 muon ( $p_T$ >20GeV;  $|\eta|$ <2.5)
- Veto on additional electron (p<sub>T</sub>>10GeV) or additional muon (p<sub>T</sub>>6GeV)
- 2 b-tagged jets
- 2 or more un-tagged jets
- t→bjj reconstruction:
  - −  $|m_{jj}-m_W|$ <15GeV; |η|<2.0 for jets in W→jj
  - |m<sup>"</sup><sub>bii</sub>-m<sub>t</sub>|<25GeV
- m<sub>T</sub> > 120 GeV
- Missing  $E_T > 150 GeV$
- Scalar sum of  $p_T$  of reconstructed I j j b b:  $\Sigma E_T > 250 \text{GeV}$
- In reconstructed W  $\rightarrow$  jj: R<sub>ii</sub> =  $\sqrt{(\eta^2_{ii} + \phi^2_{ii})} < 2.2$  (to reject lep-tau decays)

4



## Simulation

- Channel: Higgs (m<sub>h</sub> = 120 GeV) decaying to neutralinos in MSSM
  - $(\tan\beta = 5, m_A = 1 \text{ TeV}; M_1 = 44 \text{ GeV}, M_2 = 220 \text{ GeV}, M_3 = 1 \text{ TeV})$
- PYTHIA 6.203 for signal and background
- Generated 60 M tt + 10 M tth
- Atlfast simulation, ATLAS release 7.0.2
  - Low luminosity setting
  - Cone jets  $(R_{cone} = 0.4)$
  - Jet tagging: b jets 60%; c mistag 10%; u,d,s, $\tau$  mistag 1%
  - CTEQ5L PDFs
  - $-m_{top} = 175 \text{ GeV} (..historical)$
- Interfaced code to Atlfast within Athena to produce dedicated ntuple

## The truth!



- At parton level:
  - tops back-to-back in background
  - more "mercedes star"-like in signal
  - Most missing p<sub>T</sub> from Higgs decay (especially in had-had channel)



### Signal and tt background

- Transverse mass, ΣE<sub>T</sub> and E<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup> are good discriminating variables
- m<sub>T</sub> has sharp edge for tt background at ~m<sub>W</sub>
- But background xsection ~1000 times higher than signal
- Tails of background distributions very large

$$m_T = \sqrt{\left(E_T^{miss} + E_T^{lepton}\right)^2 - \left(p_T^{miss} + p_T^{lepton}\right)^2}$$



- Relaxed E<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup> cut to 120GeV wrt reference analysis
- Background much higher than tth
- Signal and background normalized to 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>



- Most background comes from lep-tau and lep-lep decays of tt, as concluded in reference paper
- τ decays increase the missing E<sub>T</sub>
- W→jj reconstructed from ISR/FSR jets in lep-tau and lep-lep events



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- Main problem in tt background is the "leptau" channel decays with fake W→jj
- tth signal much more pure wrt W→jj (we're looking at the tails of tt background)
- Not much point in rejecting taus in Atlfast, must look for other possibilities



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No cut found so far that can be targeted at lep-tau and leplep channels in tt production in addition to what was found in the reference analysis



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11

Accepted events for 30 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- tth x-section scaled to SM value as used in reference analysis
- tth: x-section = 520 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  Signal = 44.3 ever
  - Signal = 44.3 events
- tt: x-section = 490000.0 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  Background = 812 events
  - $S/\sqrt{B} = 1.55$

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#### Comparison with reference analysis

Cumulative efficiency of cuts:

- Reasonable agreement with reference analysis: ~10-20% for signal ("check" column)
- Agreement wrt tt background efficiency becomes worse (factor 1.35 2.8) for cuts after m<sub>T</sub> cut
- Testing all t→bjj combinations against m<sub>W</sub> and m<sub>t</sub> gives efficiency ~30% better wrt "cross check" ("this analysis" column) both for signal and background ⇒ (small) net gain in significance

Cut	Reference tth	Cross check tth	this analysis tth	Reference tt	Cross check tt	this analysis tt
Lepton	22%	23.6%	23.6%	22%	23.6%	23.7%
Jets/b jets	5.0%	5.7%	5.7%	4.9%	5.01%	5.02%
t →bjj	2.6%	2.9%	3.4%	2.4%	2.60%	2.98%
m <sub>T</sub>	0.87%	1.12%	1.33%	0.041%	0.055%	0.063%
<b>E</b> <sub>T</sub> <sup>miss</sup>	0.41%	0.51%	0.67%	2.0x10 <sup>-5</sup>	3.8x10 <sup>-5</sup> ±0.6	4.9x10⁻⁵
$\Sigma E_{T}$	0.40%	0.50%	0.67%	2.0x10 <sup>-5</sup>	3.7x10 <sup>-5</sup> ±0.6	4.6x10⁻⁵
R <sub>ij</sub>	0.28%	0.33%	0.44%	7.5x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.1x10 <sup>-5</sup> ±0.5	2.8x10⁻⁵

### Kinematic fit

#### Tried something different:

- Assume p<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup> comes from v and h only
- Build grid of points in  $p_T^{\nu}$ and  $\phi(I,\nu)$  and calculate  $p_Z^{\nu}$
- p<sub>Z</sub><sup>v</sup> can be found from p<sub>T</sub><sup>v</sup> and p<sup>lep</sup> assuming W on mass-shell
- From p<sup>b</sup>, p<sup>v</sup> and p<sup>lep</sup>, calculate m<sub>t</sub> for each point
- Propagate errors in  $m_t$ from grid spacing to obtain  $\sigma_{mt}$  and calculate  $\chi^2$



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### Kinematic fit results

- Kinematic fit ~works for signal: σ(p<sub>T</sub><sup>h</sup>)~85GeV
- Will try to use fit results for discrimination against tt background
- The hope is that this allows other cuts to be relaxed
- Correlations to m<sub>T</sub> and E<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup> may be important





### Conclusions

- Major background to tth has been studied
- Reasonable agreement with reference analysis – still work to be done to find remaining differences
- Some improvement in significance may be achieved by different reconstruction of t→bjj
- Simple kinematic fit to semileptonic top decay may be useful to discriminate against background