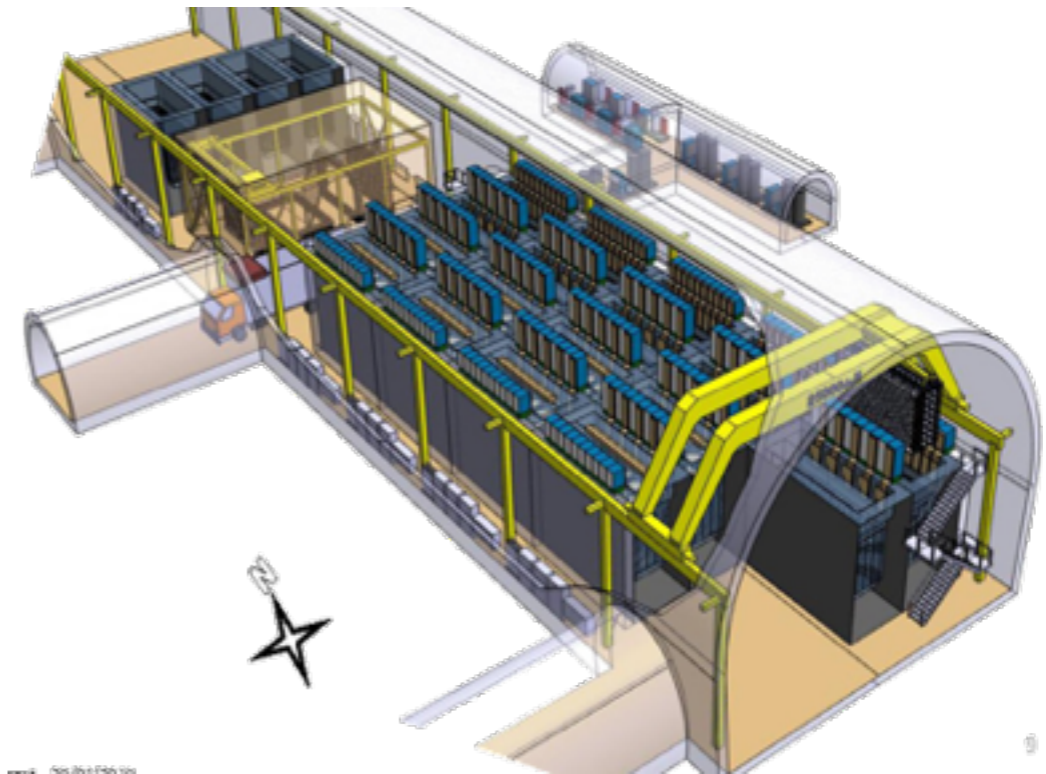
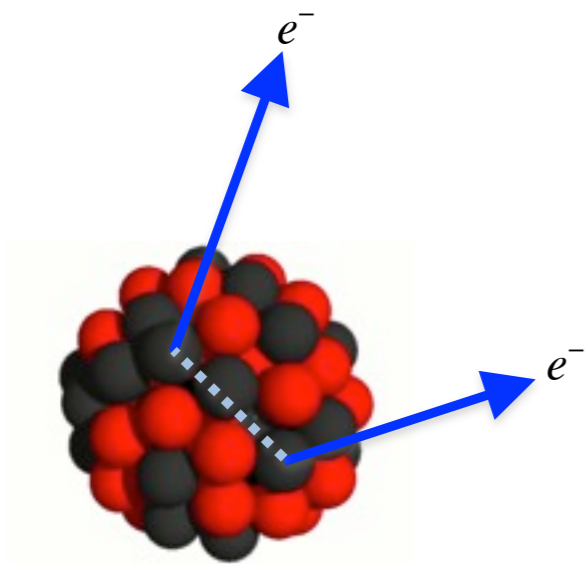


# SuperNEMO experiment to search for Neutrinoless double beta decay ( $0\nu\beta\beta$ )



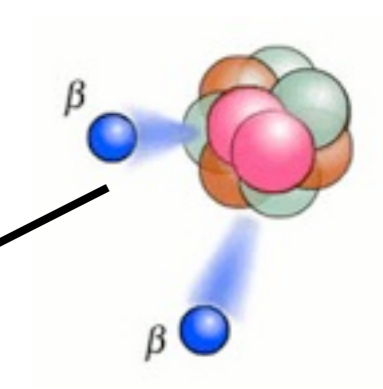
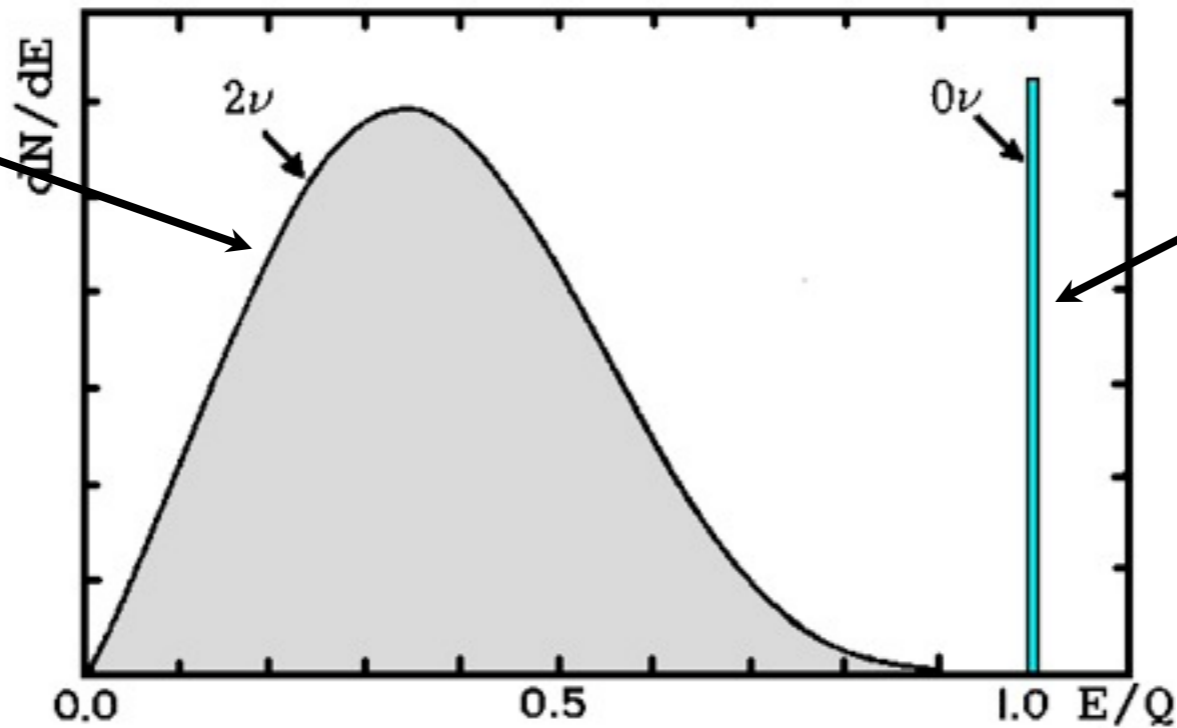
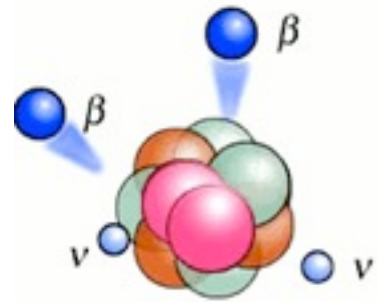
Visit to Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.  
Hamamatsu  
15 May 2013

Ruben Saakyan (University College London)  
on behalf of the SuperNEMO Collaboration

- **SuperNEMO** - experiment to address **fundamental** questions:
  - Measure absolute **neutrino mass**
  - Understand **mechanism** how this **mass** came about
  - Explore **differences** between **matter** and **antimatter**
  - **Complementary** to physics being done in **LHC**

This is done by looking for an **extremely rare radioactive process** in certain nuclei (isotopes):

Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay,  $0\nu\beta\beta$

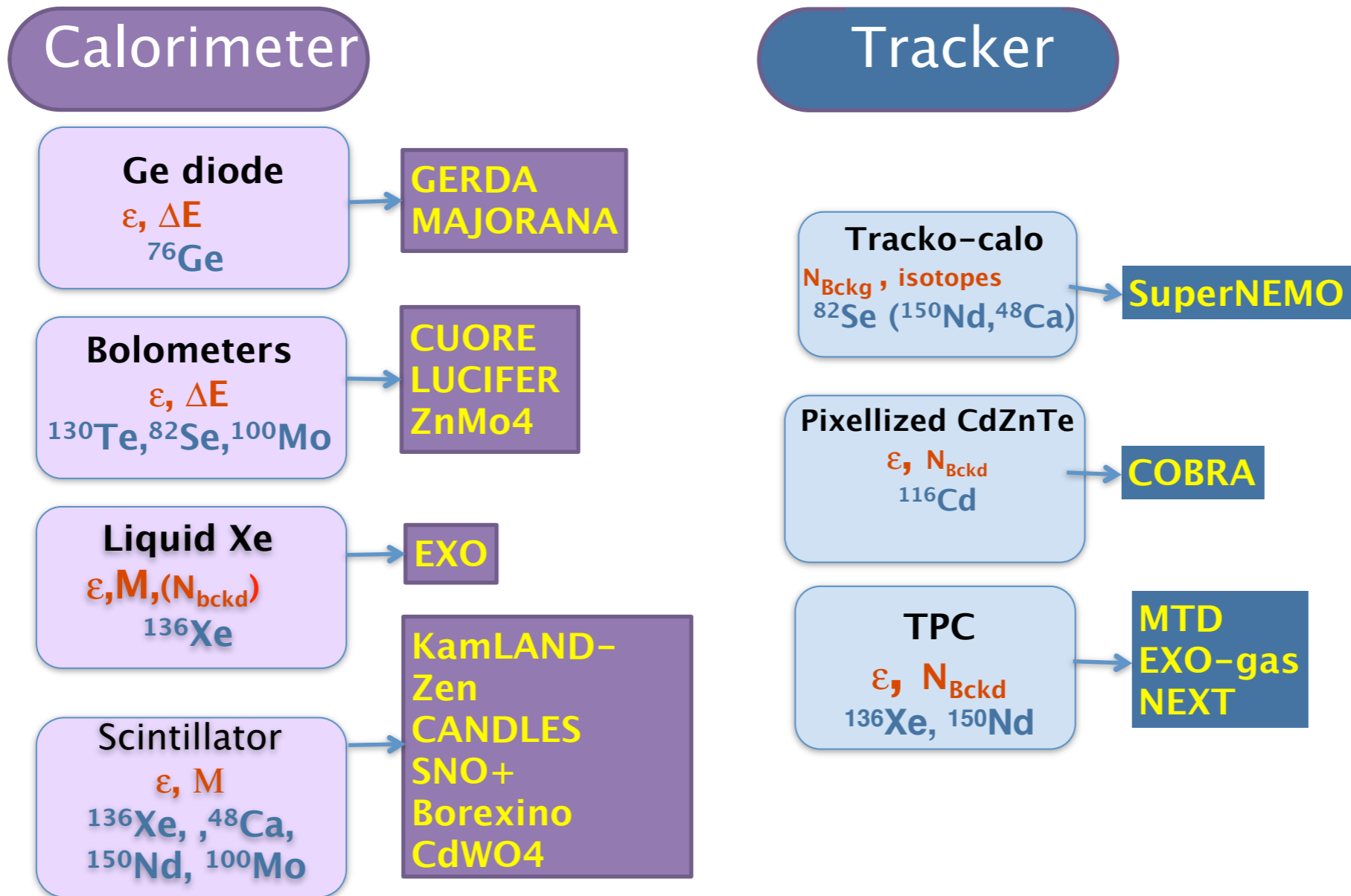


$$Rate(0\nu) \propto (m_\nu)^2$$

Possible candidate nuclei:  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ ,  $^{82}\text{Se}$ ,  $^{136}\text{Xe}$ ,  $^{150}\text{Nd}$  and  $\sim 40$  more

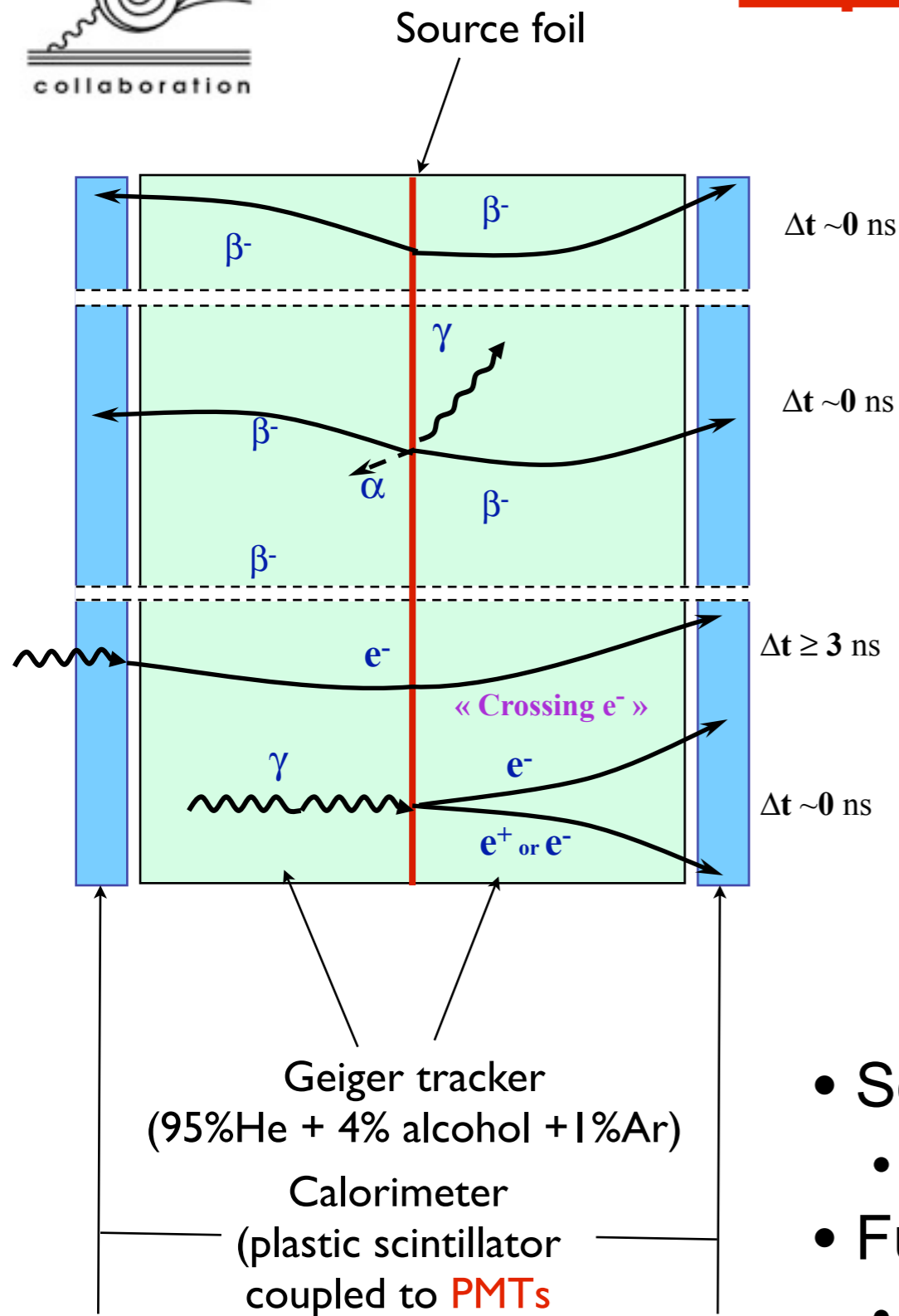
But only 10 are experimentally feasible

# Highly competitive field



Need **uniqueness** to gain a competitive edge

# Experimental technique



SuperNEMO uses technology in which **event topology** fully **reconstructed** (developed and successfully demonstrated by **NEMO3**)

## Unique features:

- Source **separated** from detector
  - **Any** isotope can be measured
- Full **topology** and **particle** reconstruction
  - Most powerful **background suppression**
  - Understand **physics mechanism** behind  $0\nu\beta\beta$



# SuperNEMO Collaboration, ~100 people



**Planar** and **modular** design:  
~ 100 kg of enriched isotope(s) (**20 modules** x 5 kg)

## SuperNEMO 1 module:

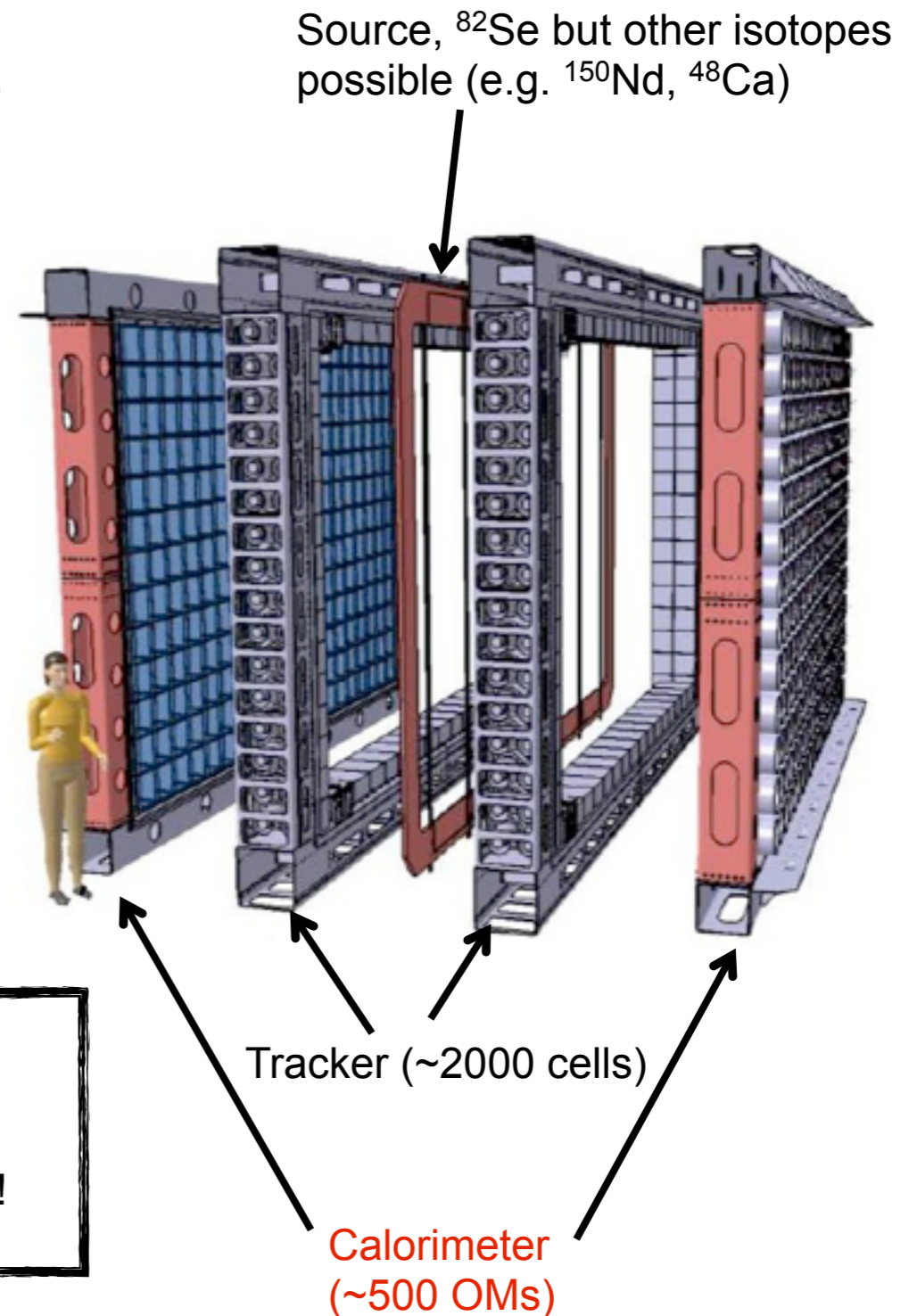
Bigger and better version of NEMO3

- Better calorimeter energy resolution
- Better radiopurity  $\Rightarrow$  lower backgrounds
  - Lowest background index among all competitors
- Higher detection efficiency

### Sensitivity

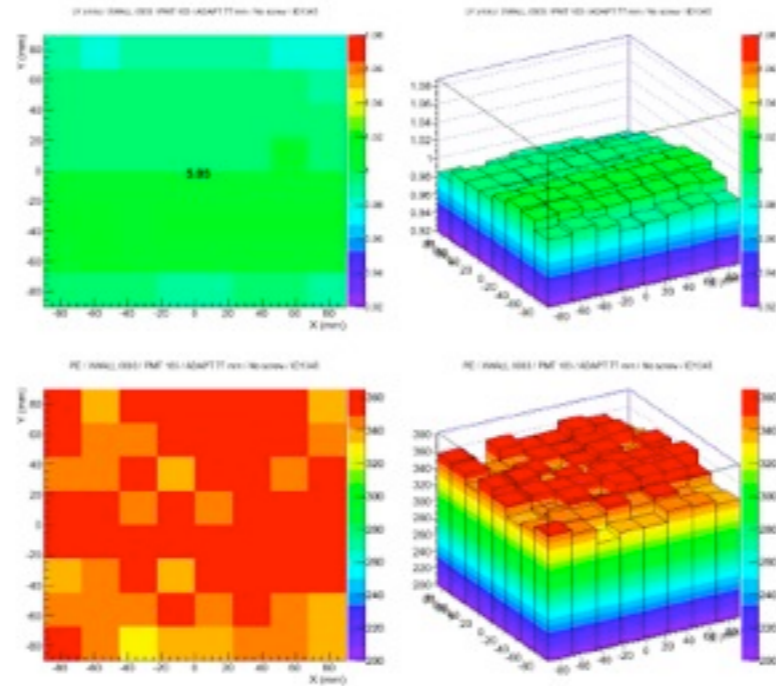
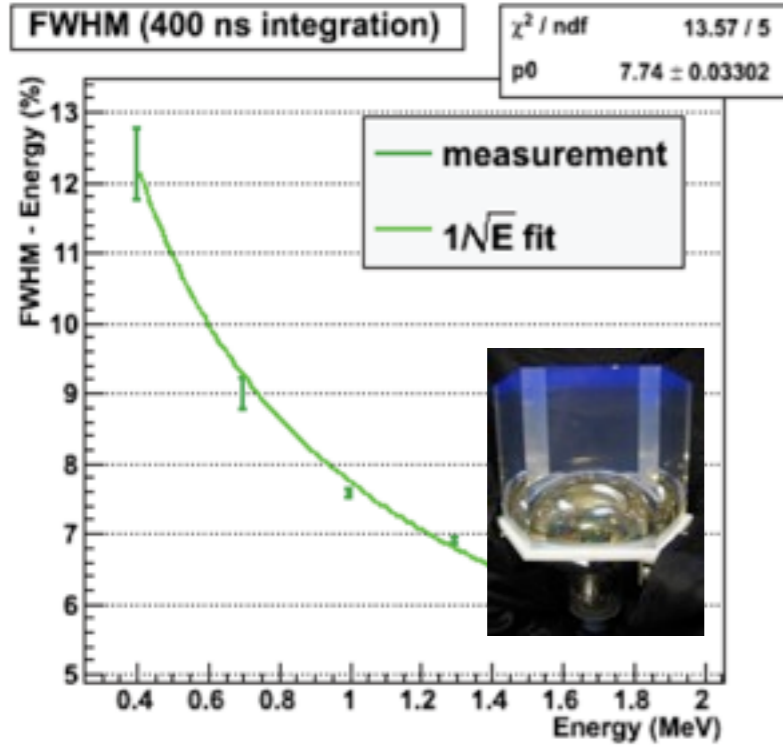
$$T_{1/2}(\beta\beta 0\nu) > 1 \times 10^{26} \text{ y} \longrightarrow \text{x}10^{16} \text{ age of Universe!}$$

$$\langle m_\nu \rangle < 0.04 - 0.1 \text{ eV} \longrightarrow \text{x}10^7 \text{ lighter than electron!}$$

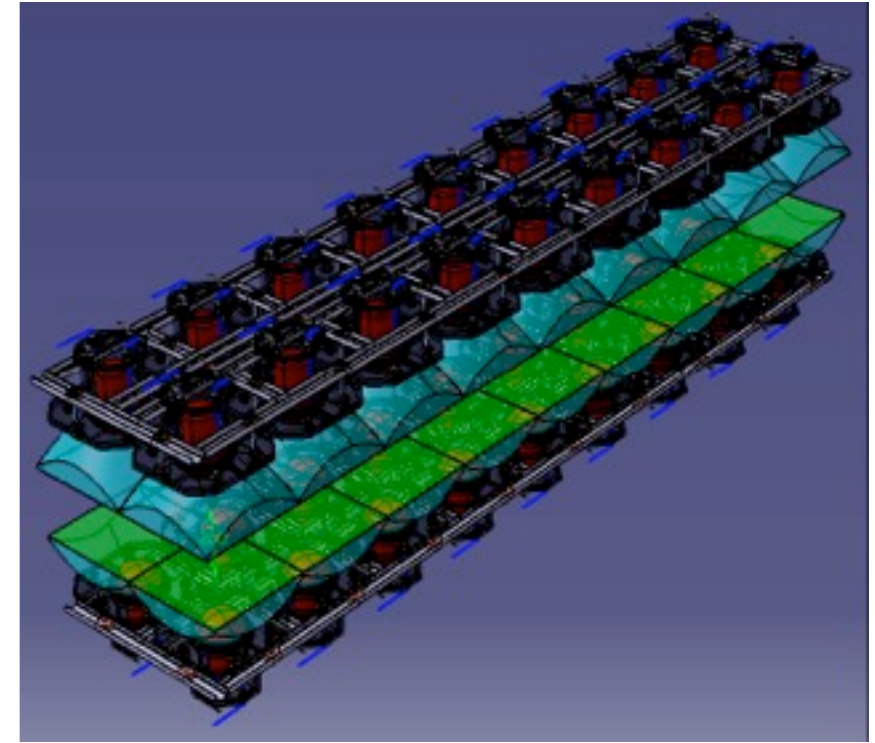




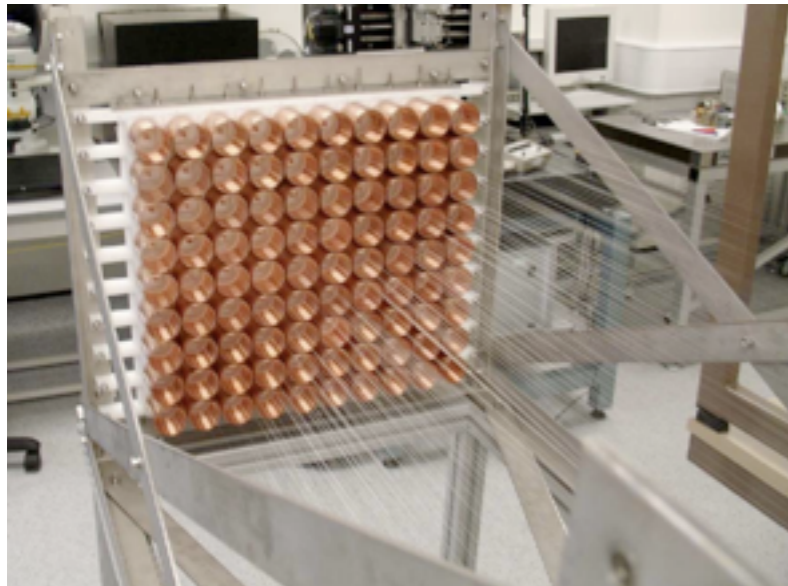
## Calorimeter



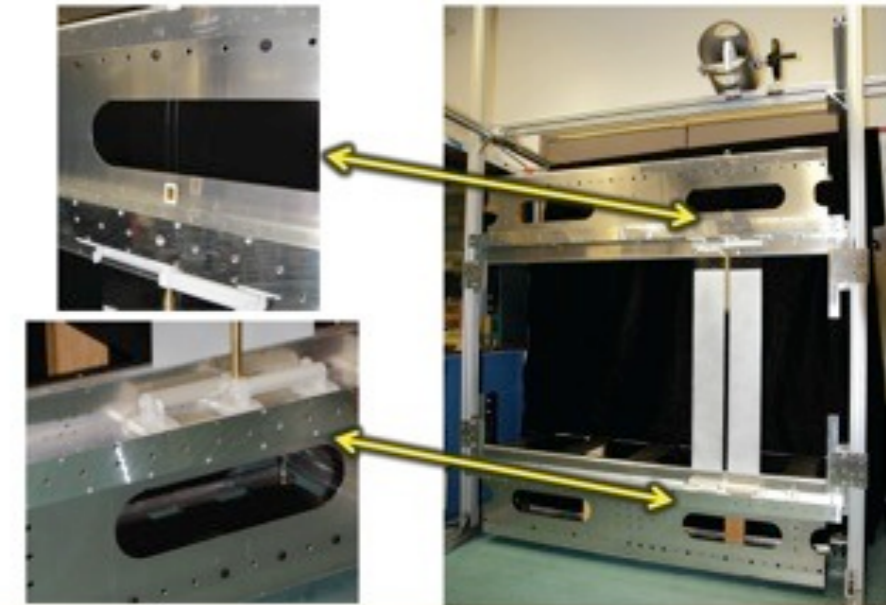
## Radiopurity



## Tracking Detector



## Source production



# Calorimeter R&D

Large effort to improve energy and time resolution

## Scintillator

- Material
- Shape
- Size
- Coating

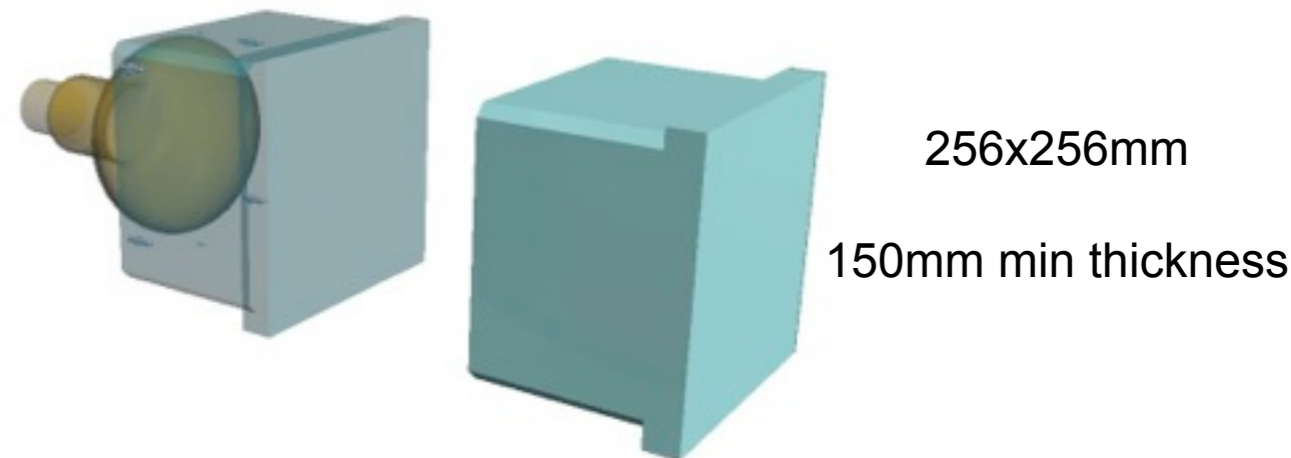
## PMT

- QE
- Uniformity
- Collection efficiency
- Radiopurity

Successfully demonstrated required energy resolution  
**FWHM = 7-8%** for 1 MeV electrons  
 and developed design of building blocks:



SuperNEMO Optical Module (OM)



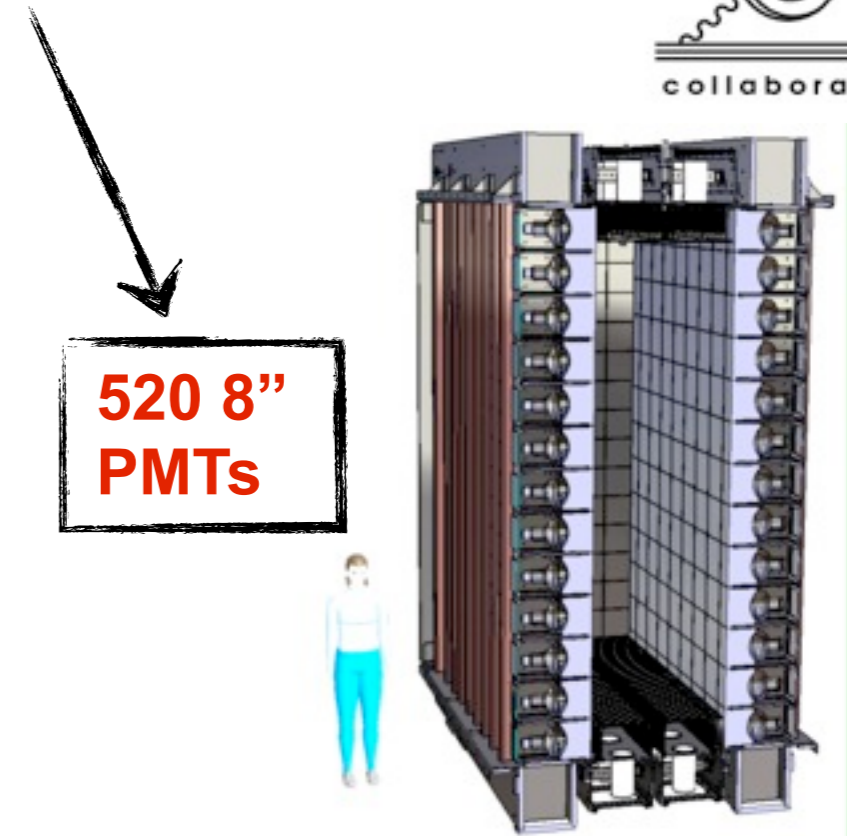
PMT: Hamamatsu 8" PMTs **R5912-MOD (R5912-03)**

**~10,000 8" PMTs will be required for full SuperNEMO**

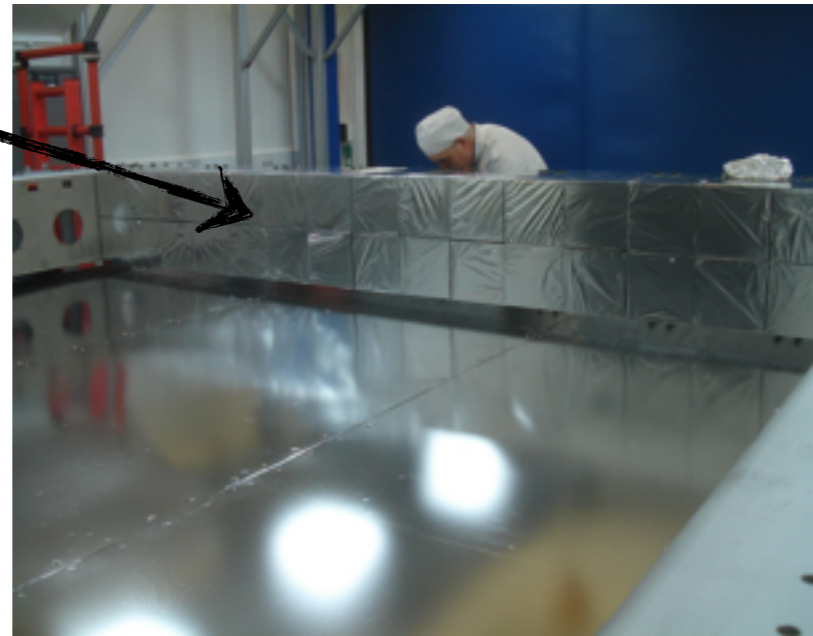


**Current Status:** 1st SuperNEMO module - **Demonstrator** - construction

- Demonstrate **feasibility** of large scale **mass** production
  - Detector performance, e.g. **PMTs**, tracker cells
- Demonstrate **required background** levels
  - First zero-background experiment
- **Finalise** detector **design**
- Produce a **competitive physics** measurement



“Recycled” NEMO3  
PMT (R6594)  
for end-cap  
and  
Veto calorimeter



Demonstrator to be located at LSM underground lab in place of NEMO3. Data taking to start in 2015.

# SuperNEMO Demonstrator and its Optical Modules

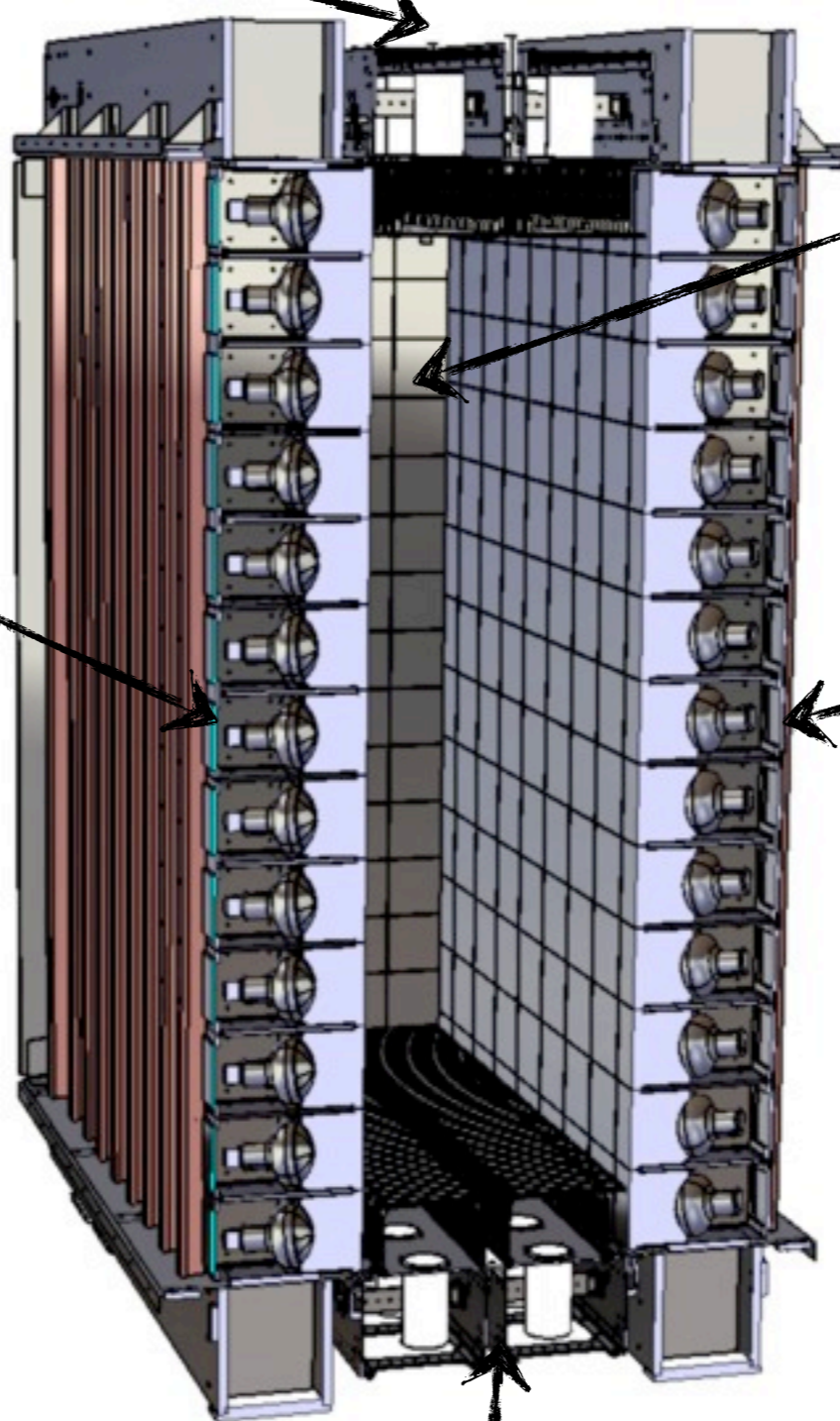
Veto OMs,  
5" R6594

End-Cup (X-Wall)  
OMs, 5" R6594

Main Wall OMs,  
8" R5912-03

Main Wall OMs,  
8" R5912-03

**192** 5" R6594  
**520** 8" R5912-03



Veto OMs



# SuperNEMO Master Schedule

520 8" PMTs

Demonstrator module construction and commissioning

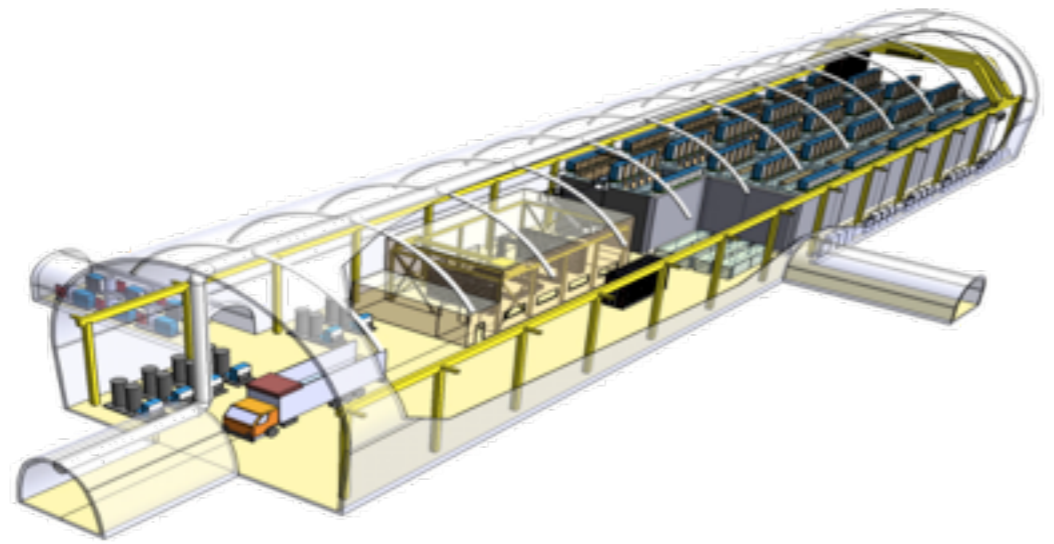
Construction and deployment of successive SuperNEMO modules  
Sensitivity with 100 kg:  
 $T_{1/2}(0\nu\beta\beta) \sim 10^{26} \text{ yr} \rightarrow \langle m_\nu \rangle \sim 40\text{--}110 \text{ meV}$

~10,000 8" PMTs



Demonstrator module running

## LSM extension has been funded



## Beyond SuperNEMO?

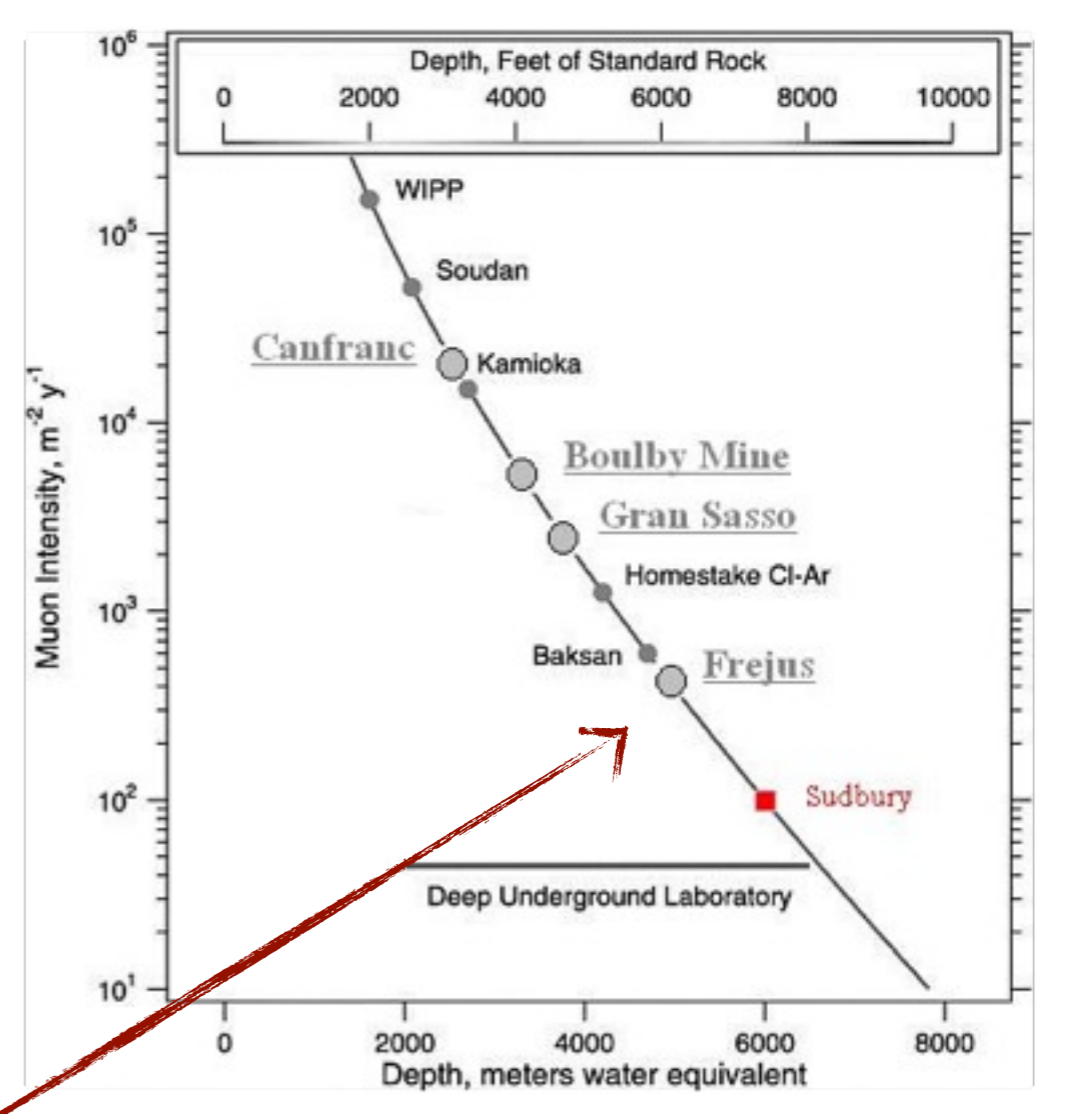
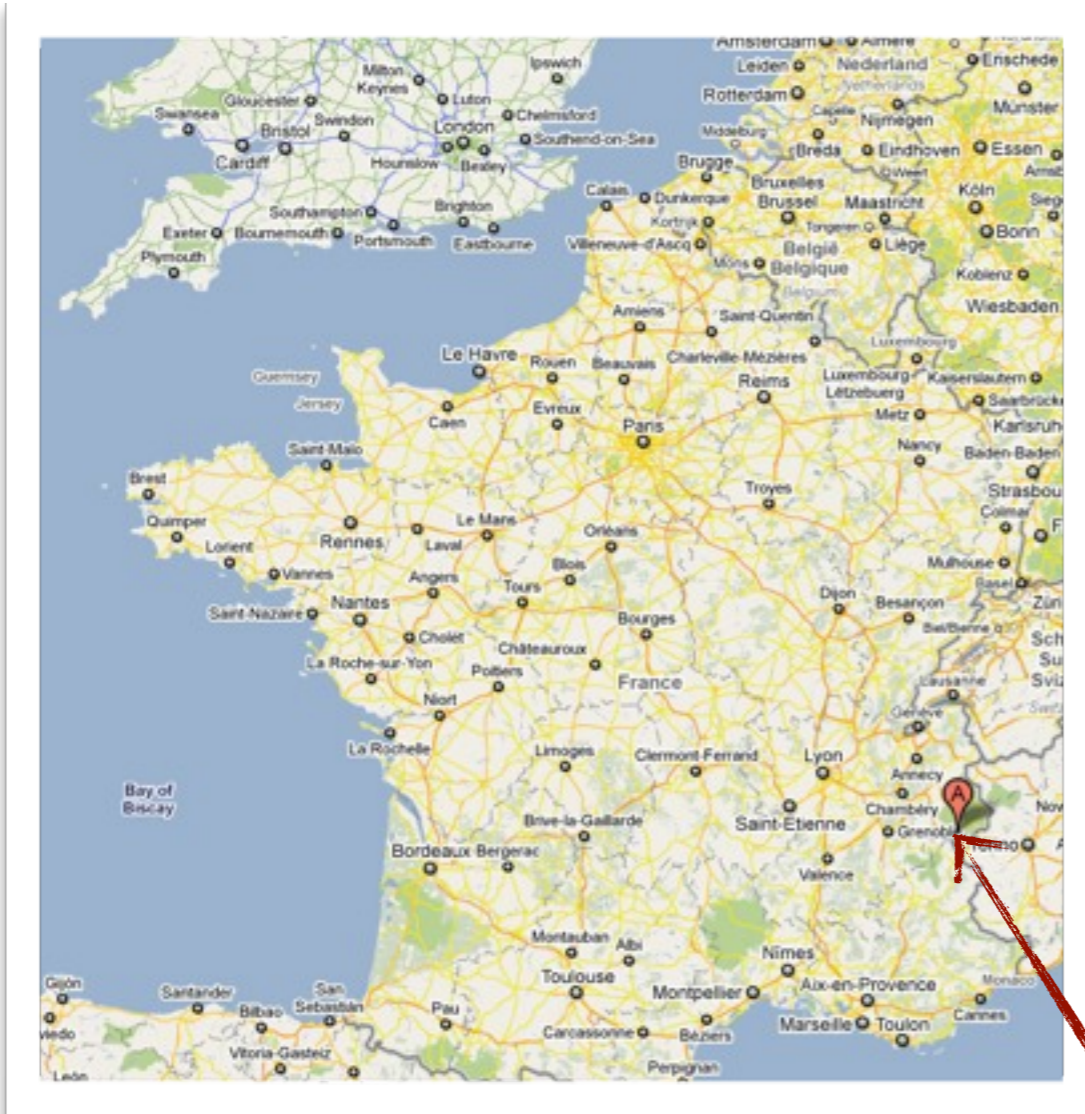
Thanks to modularity - possibility to deploy additional modules in *several* underground labs

- ANDES (Chile)
- Homestake (USA)
- Gran Sasso (Italy)
- ...



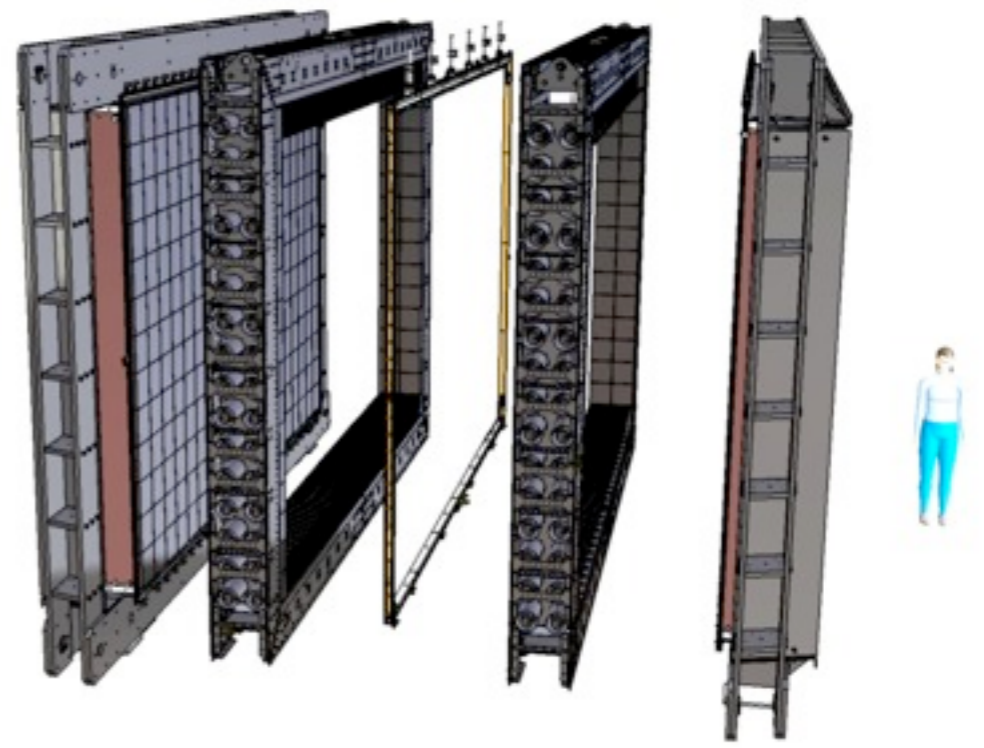
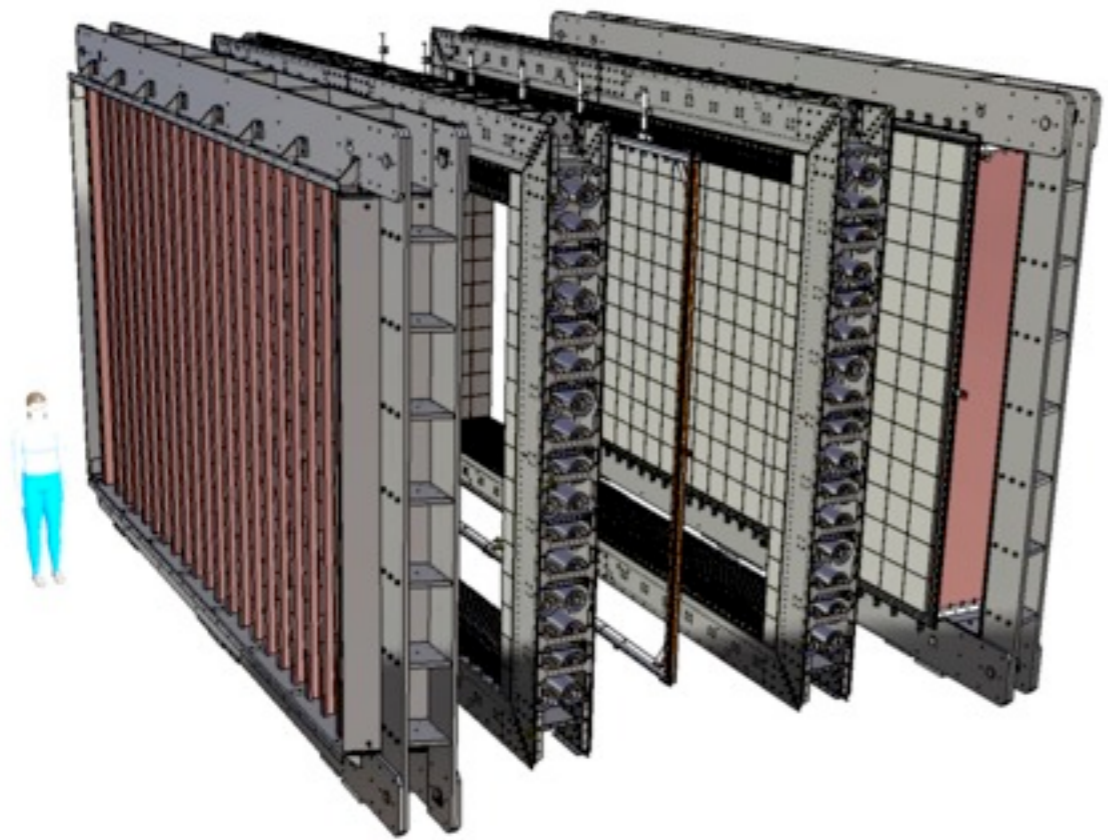
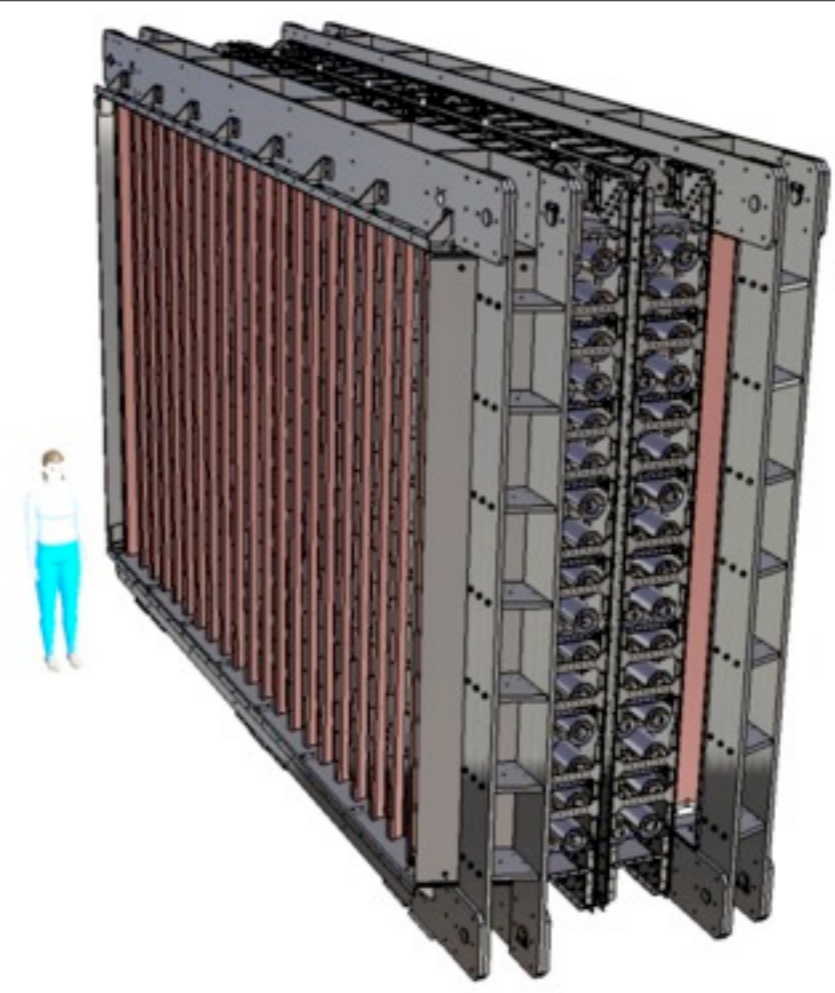
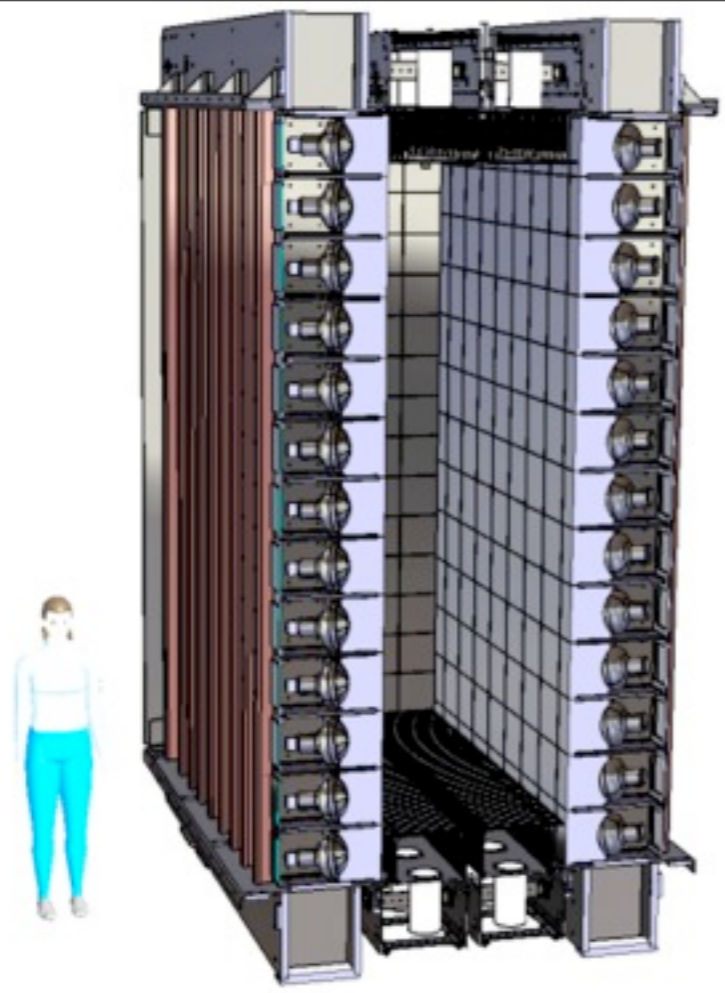
# EXTRA SLIDES

# Laboratoire Souterrain de Modane (LSM) Modane, France (Tunnel Frejus, depth of ~4,800 mwe )



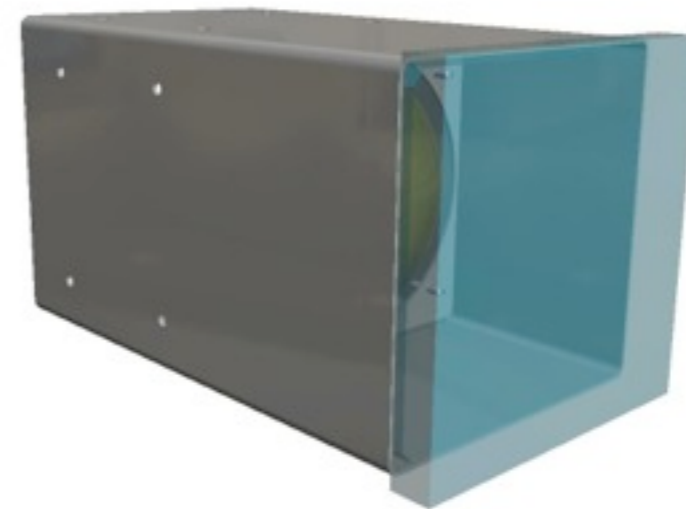
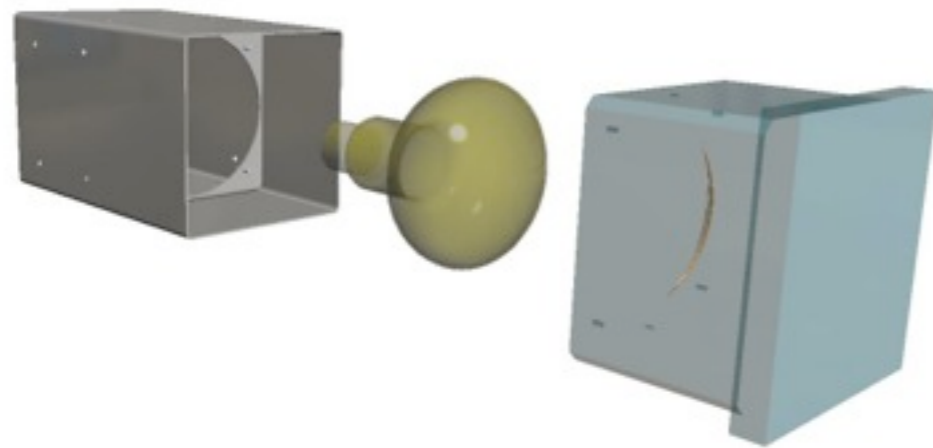
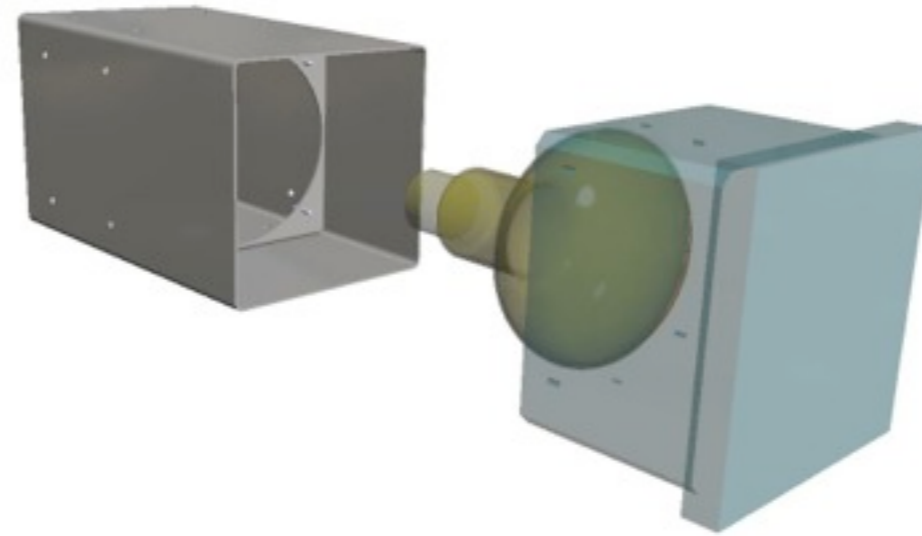
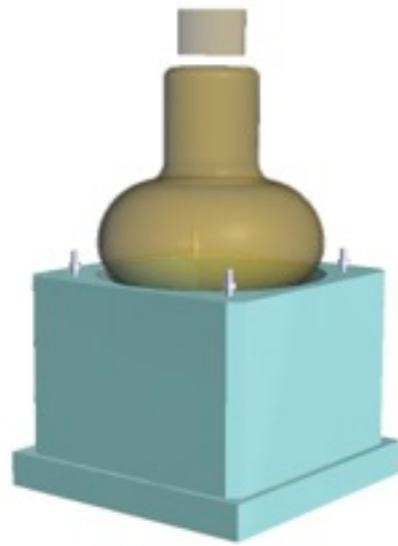
> 10<sup>6</sup> suppression factor for cosmic muons!







# SuperNEMO Optical Module (OM)



# PMT Radiopurity

Isotope	K40	Bi214	Tl208
“Ideal” Required activity, Bq/pmt	<b>0.11</b>	<b>0.045</b>	<b>0.0033</b>
Measured* activity, Bq/pmt	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.04</b>

Current radio-purity is adequate for Demonstrator but further studies required for full SuperNEMO

\* Hamamatsu low activity glass measured with HPGe