



Life on the Nu Frontier

- ◆ Neutrinos – known and unknown

- ◆ Neutrino experiments

- ◆ Long and short baseline experiments

- ◆ Chooz/Double Chooz

- ◆ MINOS

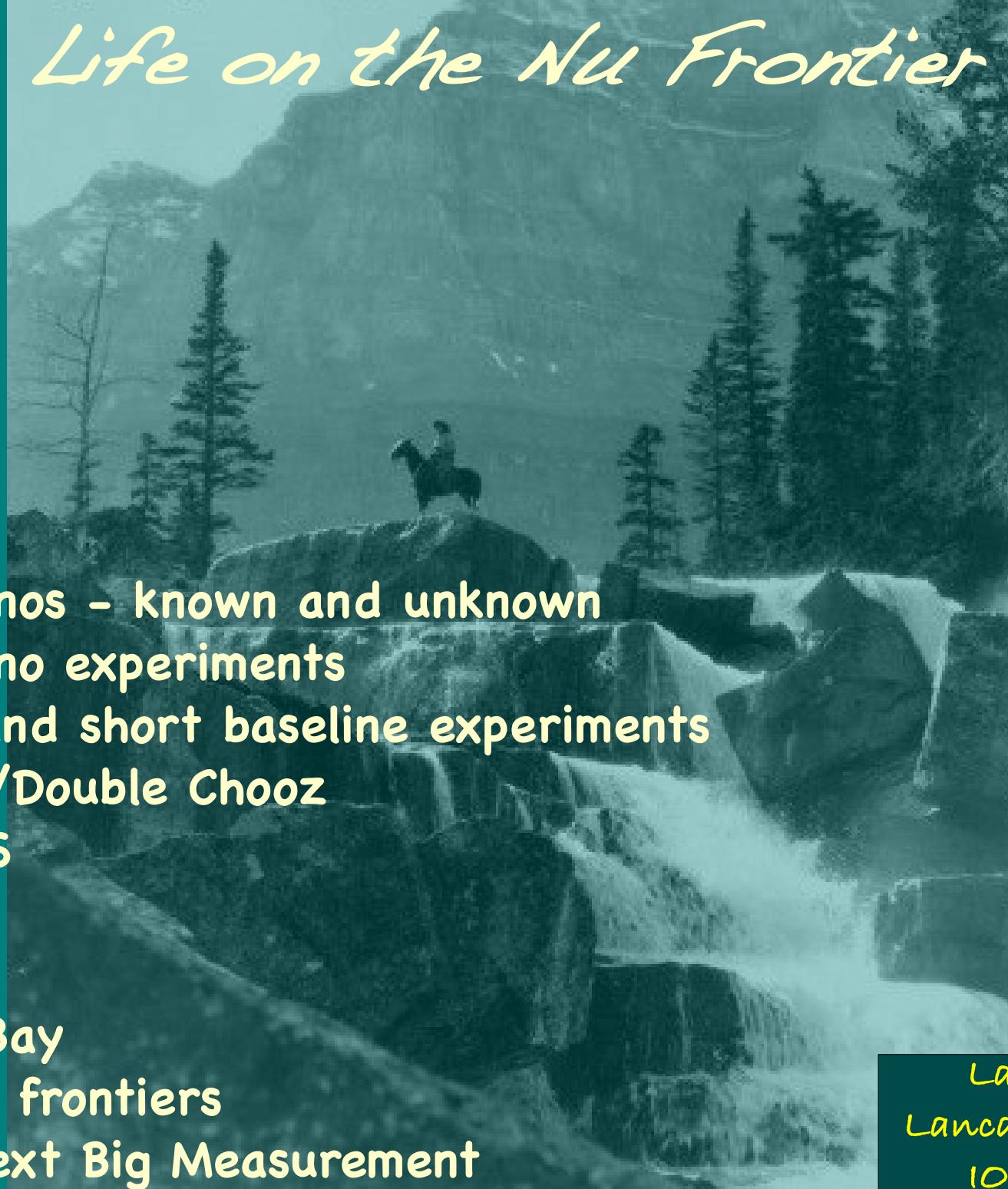
- ◆ T2K

- ◆ Nova

- ◆ Daya Bay

- ◆ Future frontiers

- ◆ The Next Big Measurement



Laura Kormos
Lancaster University
IOP HEP 2010

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

weak eigenstates

mass eigenstates

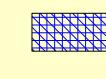
Neutrino mixing can be described by a set of linear equations  matrix.

$$c_{ij} = \cos\theta_{ij}, s_{ij} = \sin\theta_{ij}$$

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s_{13} e^{-i\delta} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -s_{12} & c_{12} \\ c_{13} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & c_{12} & s_{12} \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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Parameters describing flavour change and matter/antimatter asymmetry.

Neutrino mixing can be described by a set of linear equations  matrix.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

weak eigenstates

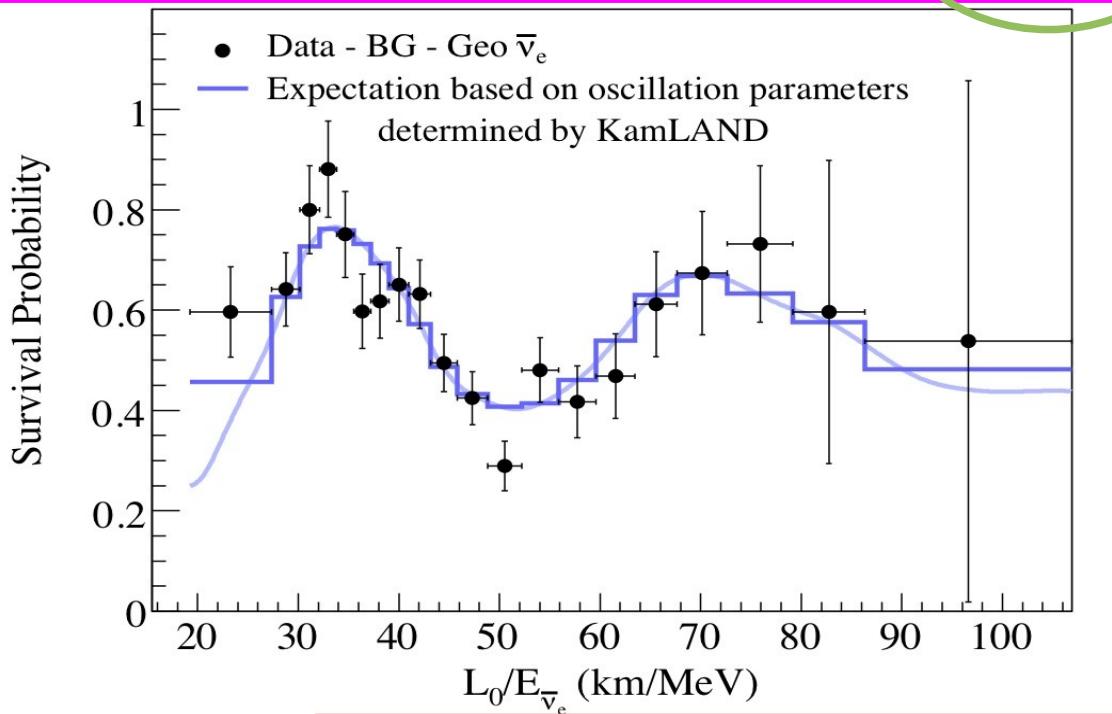
atmospheric

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix}$$

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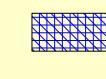
$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{13} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s_{13} e^{-i\delta} & c_{12} & s_{12} \\ -s_{13} e^{-i\delta} & -s_{12} & c_{12} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

solar



For some combinations of $L, E, \Delta m_{ij}^2$, mixing between 2 states dominates other mixings.

$$P(\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\beta) = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 [1.27 \Delta m^2 L / E_\nu]$$

Neutrino mixing can be described by a set of linear equations  matrix.

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weak eigenstates

mass eigenstates

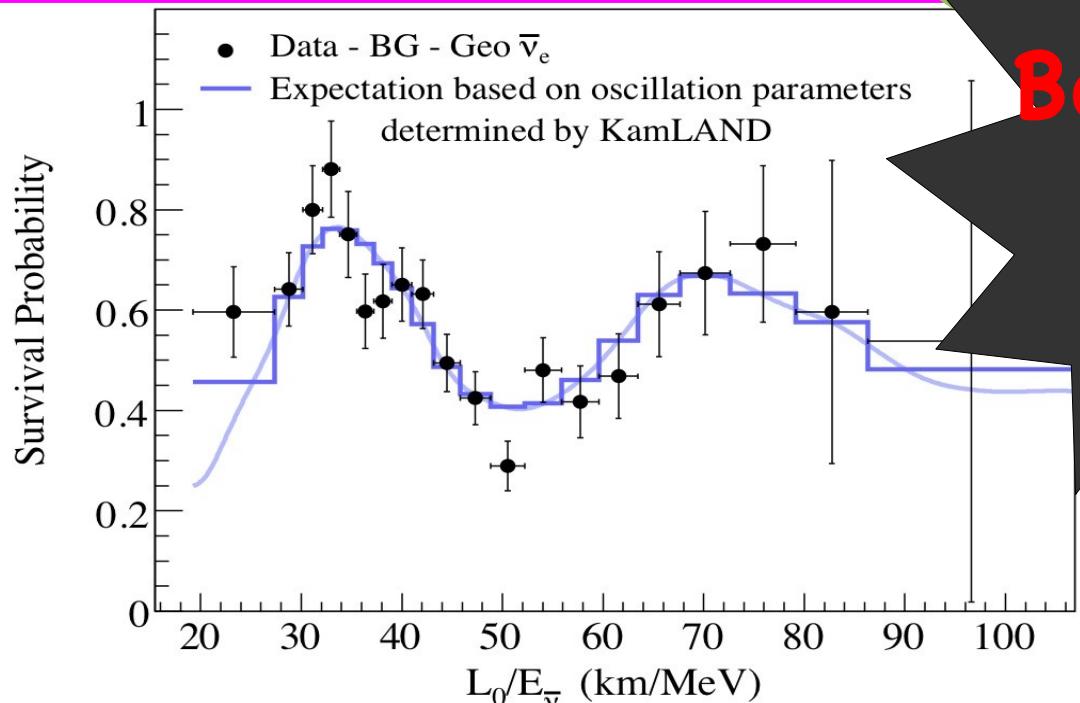
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atmospheric

$c_{ij} = \cos\theta_{ij}, s_{ij} = \sin\theta_{ij}$

1st

solar



Beyond SM
physics!

Some combinations
of $L, E, \Delta m_{ij}^2$, mixing
between 2 states
dominates other mixings.

$$P(\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\beta) = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 [1.27 \Delta m^2 L / E_\nu]$$

Neutrinos - known and unknown

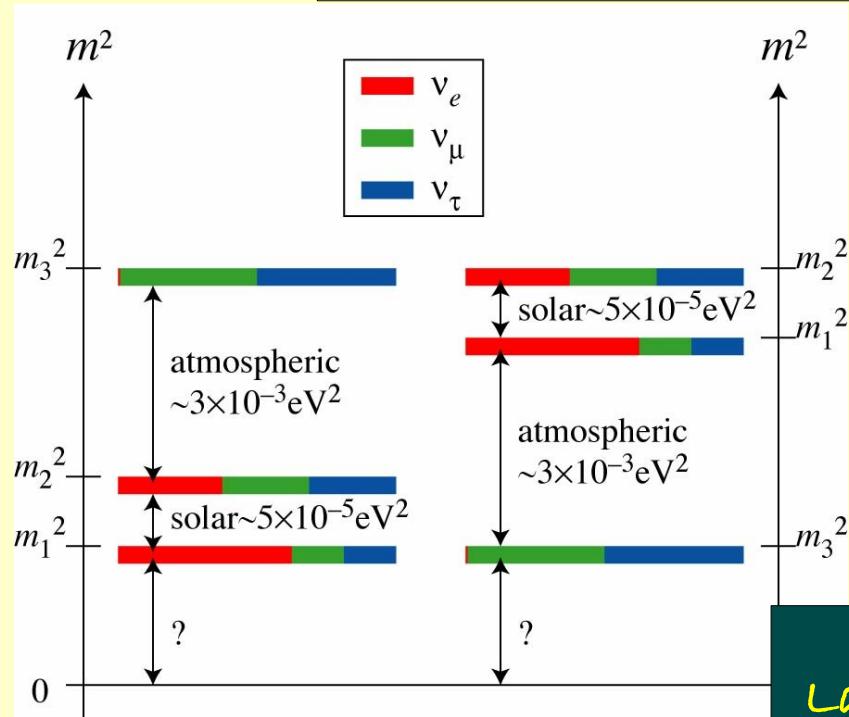
$$\begin{vmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 0.8 & 0.5 & s_{13} e^{-i\delta} \\ 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.7 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.7 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

We know:

- ν's have mass.
- ν's change flavour.
- Flavour change is consistent with oscillation.
- $\theta_{12} \sim 35^\circ$.
- $\theta_{23} \sim 37\text{--}53^\circ$.
- $\theta_{13} < 12^\circ$.
- $\Delta m^2_{23}, \Delta m^2_{12}$.

We don't know:

- (1) Value of θ_{13} .
- (2) Sign of the mass ordering.
- (3) Deviation of θ_{23} from maximal.
- (4) Value of δ .
- (5) Number of ν types.
- (6) Majorana or Dirac?
- (7) Absolute ν masses.



Neutrinos - known and unknown

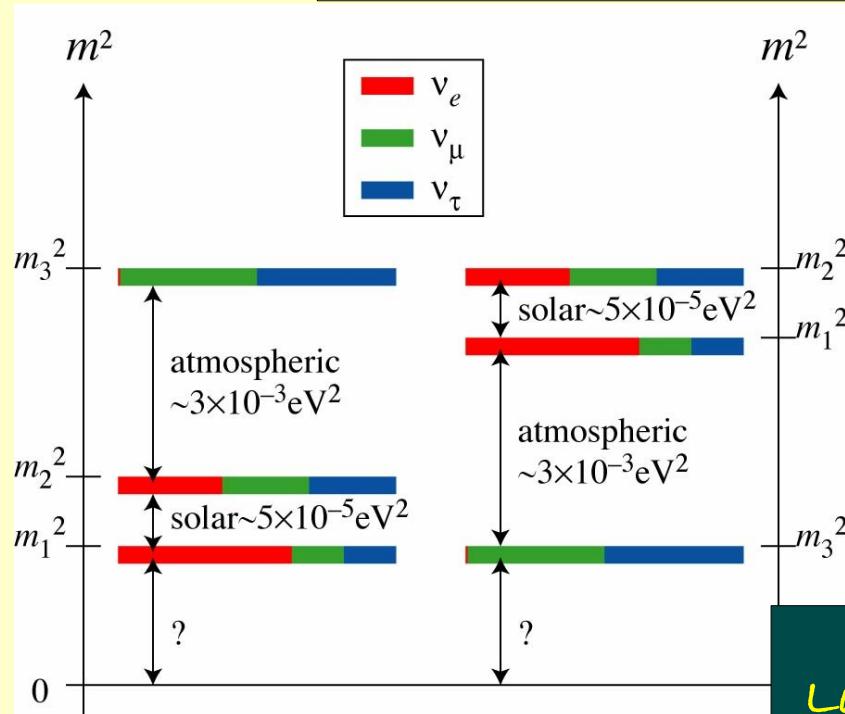
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Measure We don't know:
me!

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Neutrinos - known and unknown

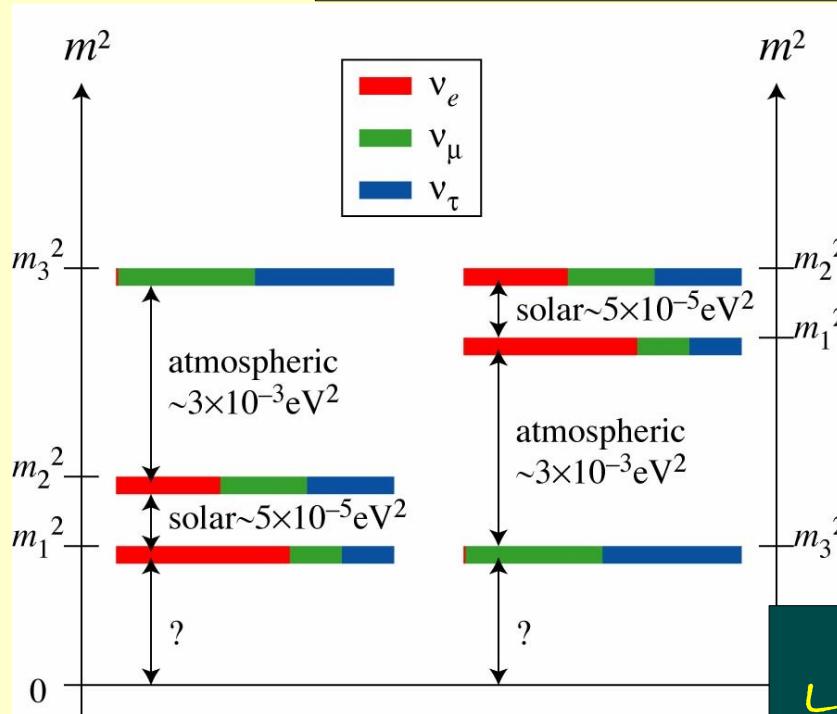
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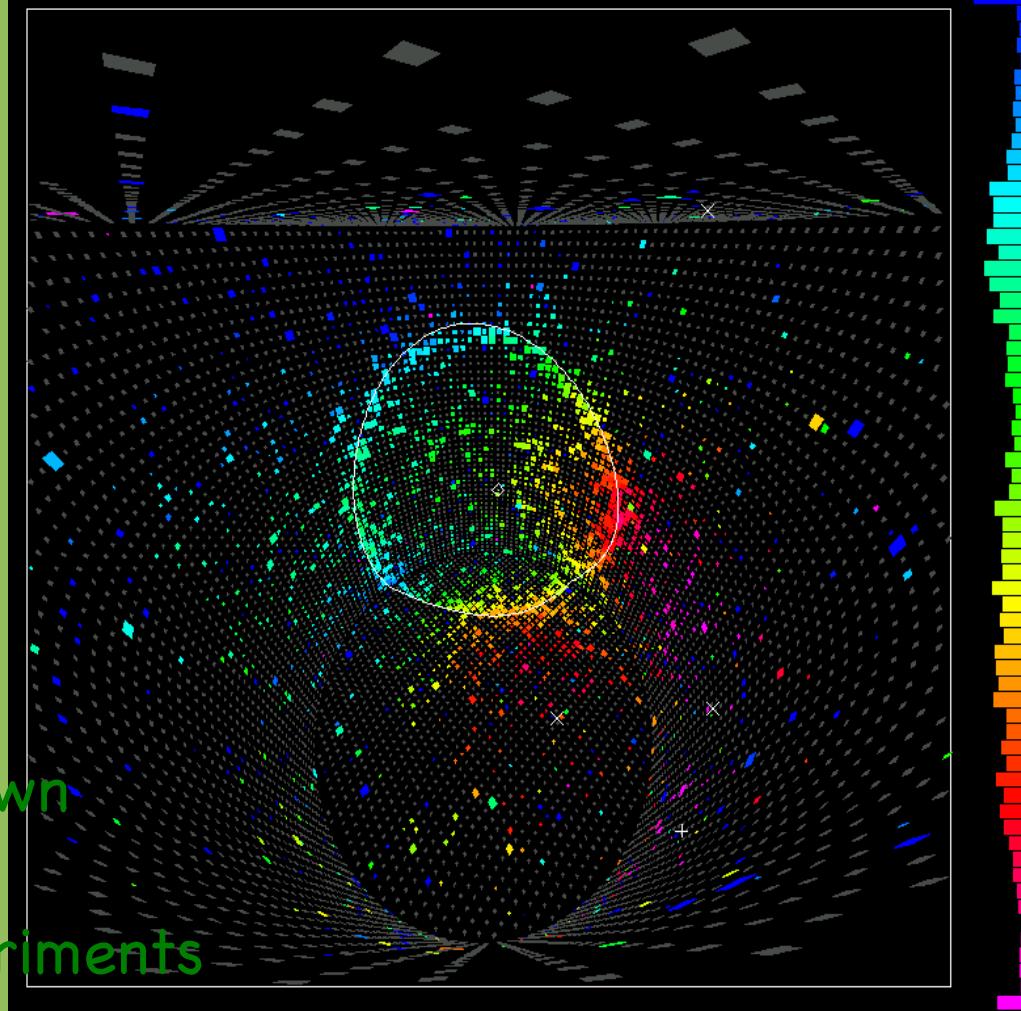
MiniBooNE

Tritium decay expts

ν are produced by:

- the sun,
- cosmic rays in the atmosphere,
- or we make them ourselves in
 - reactors,
 - dedicated beams.

- ♦ Neutrinos – known and unknown
- ♦ **Neutrino experiments**
- ♦ Long and short baseline experiments
- ♦ Chooz/Double Chooz
- ♦ MINOS
- ♦ T2K
- ♦ Nova
- ♦ Daya Bay
- ♦ Future frontiers
- ♦ The Next Big Measurement



A muon in Super Kamiokande

Solar/Atmospheric

$$\theta_{12}/\theta_{23}$$

SNO (ended 2006)

Borexino

Super Kamiokande

Short-baseline/ reactor

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13}$$

Chooz (ended 1998)

KamLAND

DoubleChooz

Daya Bay

Reno

Long-baseline/ accelerator

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13},$$

MSW effects, δ

K2K (ended 2005)

MINOS

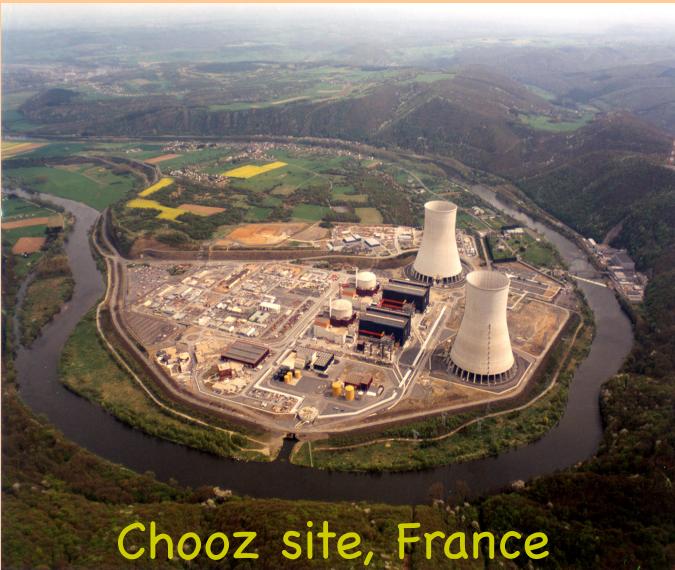
MiniBooNE

Icarus and Opera

T2K

Nova

Not an exhaustive list!



- ◆ Neutrinos – known and unknown
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**Short-baseline/
reactor**

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13}$$

Chooz (ended 1998)

KamLAND

DoubleChooz

Daya Bay

Reno

**Long-baseline/
accelerator**

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13},$$

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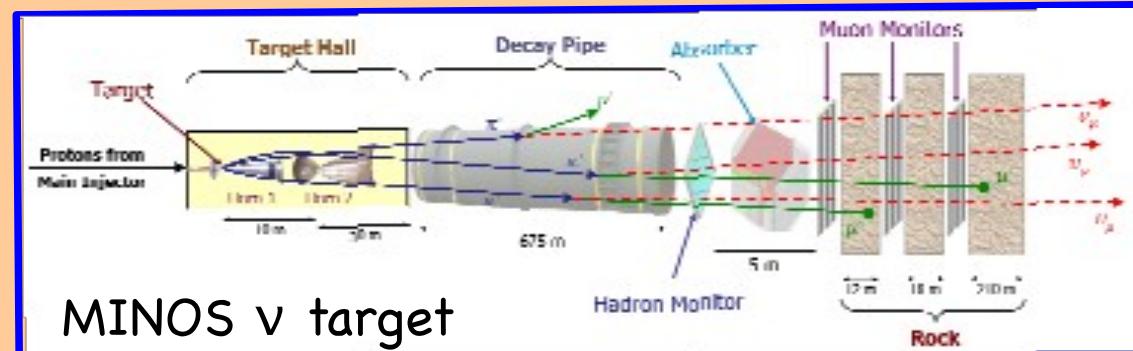
MINOS

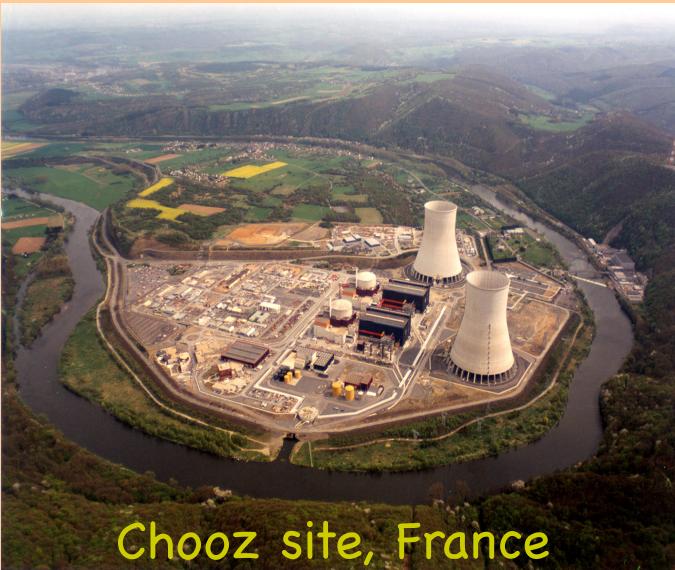
MiniBooNE

Icarus and Opera

T2K

Nova





Chooz site, France

- ◆ Neutrinos – known and unknown
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- ◆ **Chooz/Double Chooz**
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Short-baseline/ reactor

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13}$$

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Reno

Long-baseline/ accelerator

$$\theta_{23}, \theta_{13},$$

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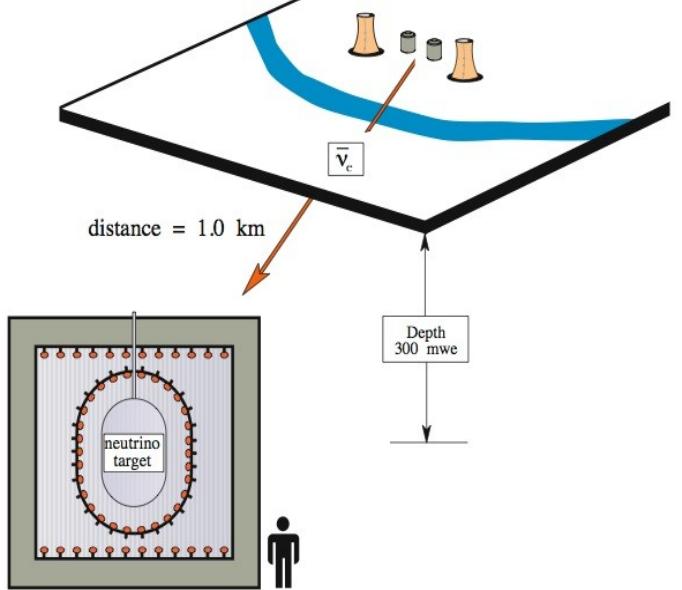
MiniBooNE

Icarus and Opera

T2K

Nova

Chooz B
Nuclear Power Station
2 x 4200 MWth

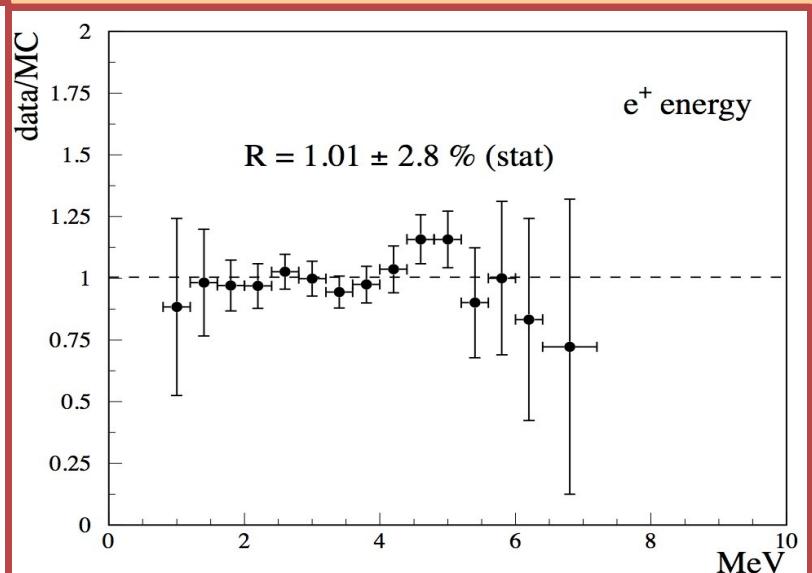
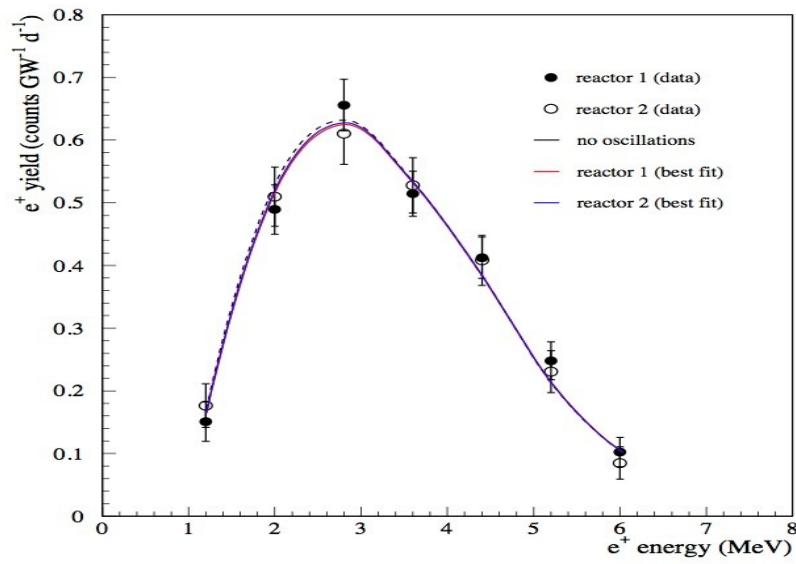


Chooz Underground Neutrino Laboratory
Ardennes, France

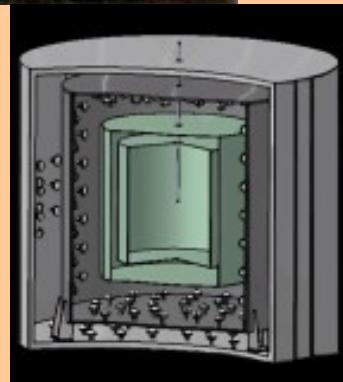
Chooz: Reactor anti- ν_e Looking for anti- ν_e disappearance.

- Detected via $\bar{\nu}_e + p \rightarrow e^+ + n$
- Baseline: 1.0 and 1.1 km
- Target: 5 ton 0.09% Gd in LS
- Data: Apr '97 - Jul '98

No evidence of disappearance but
best limit to date on θ_{13} .



Double Chooz



Double Chooz

- 2 identical detectors
- Near: 400m; Far: 1.05 km

Expected limits:

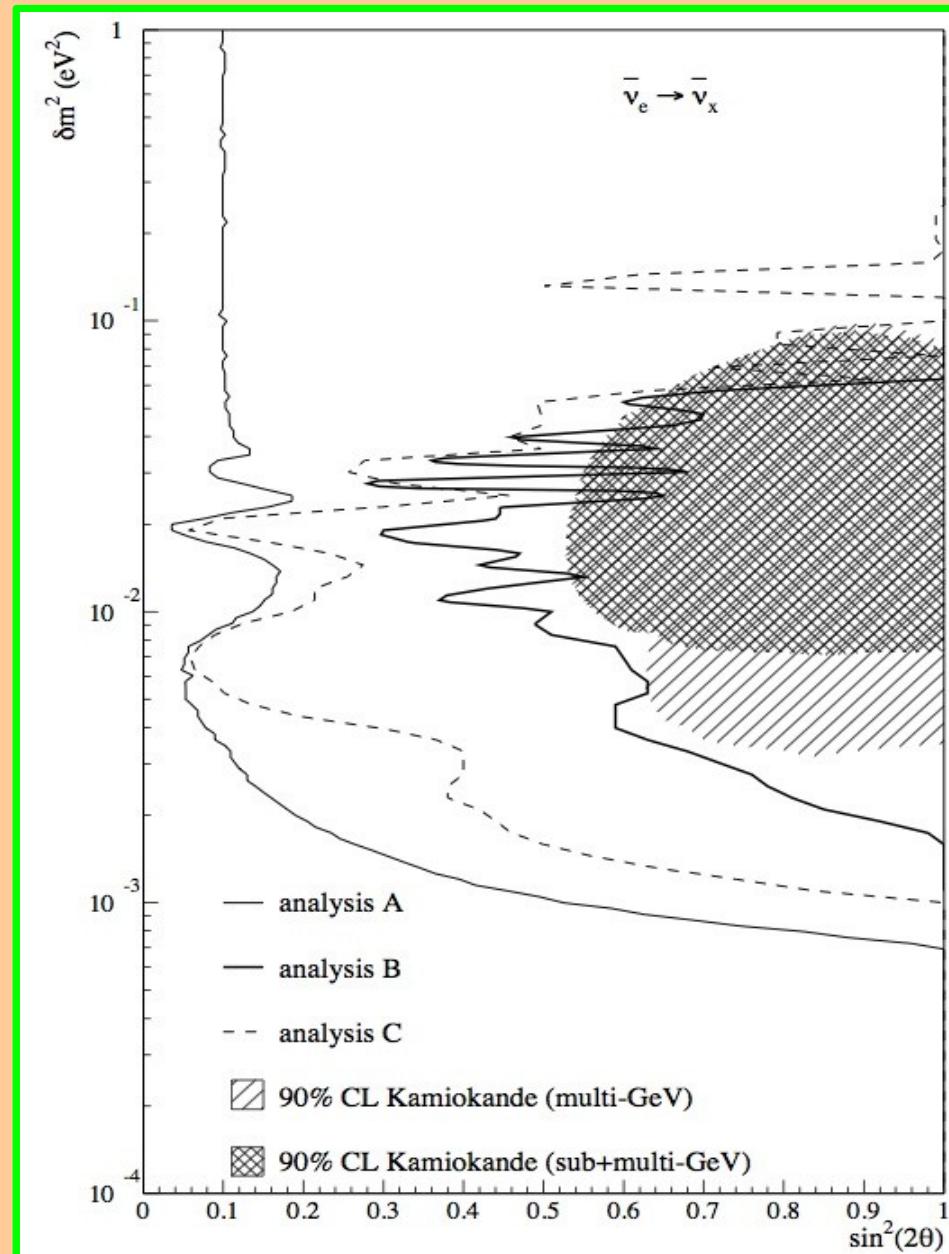
Phase 1 2010

FD 1.5 yrs $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.08$.

Phase 2 2012

ND+FD, 3 yrs $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.03$.

Chooz: $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.10$ ($\theta < 9.2^\circ$)



Double Chooz



Double Chooz

- 2 identical detectors
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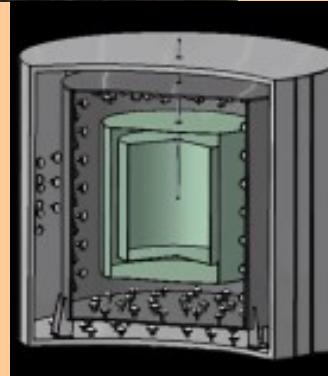
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Phase 1 2010

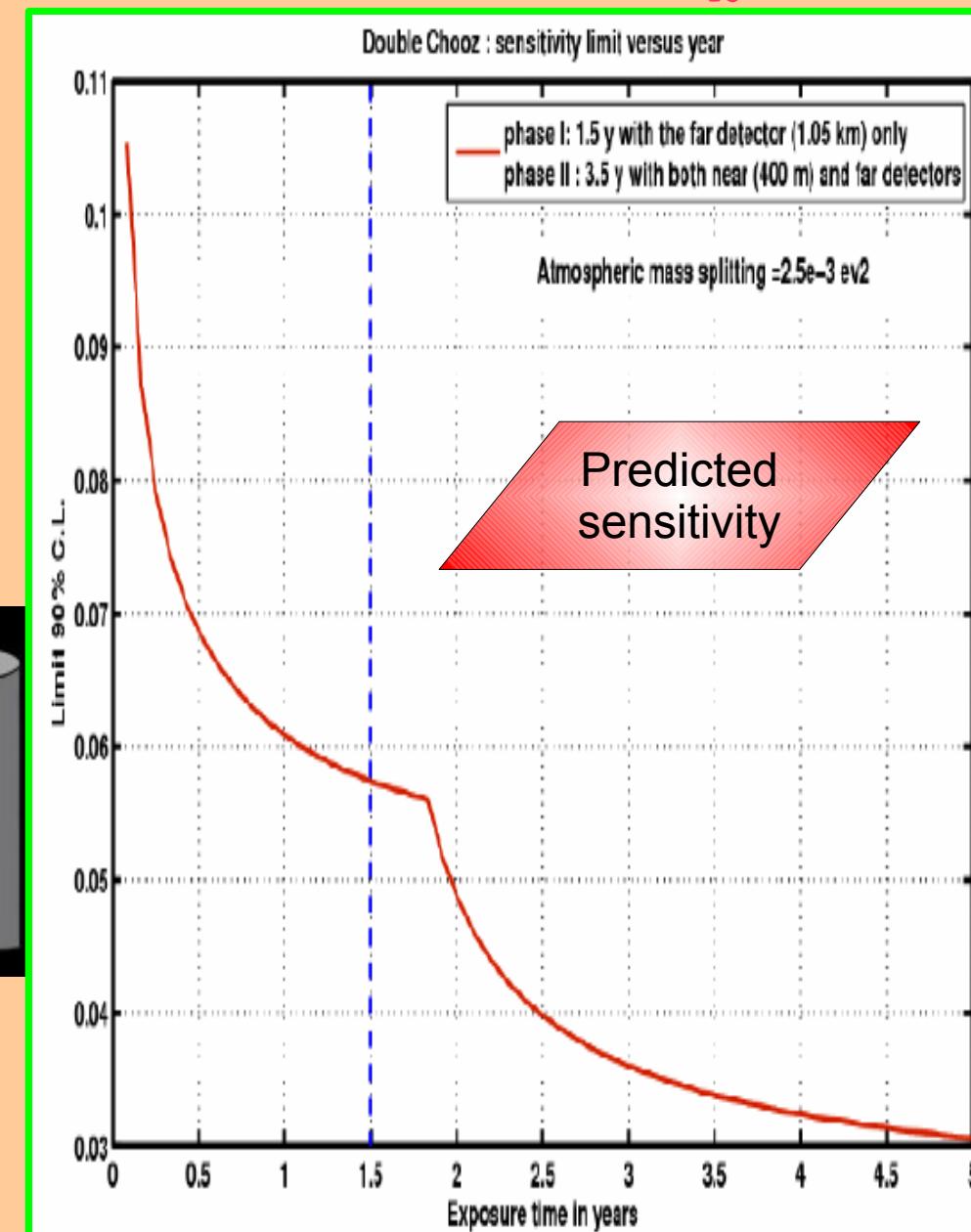
FD 1.5 yrs $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.08$.

Phase 2 2012

ND+FD, 3 yrs $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.03$.



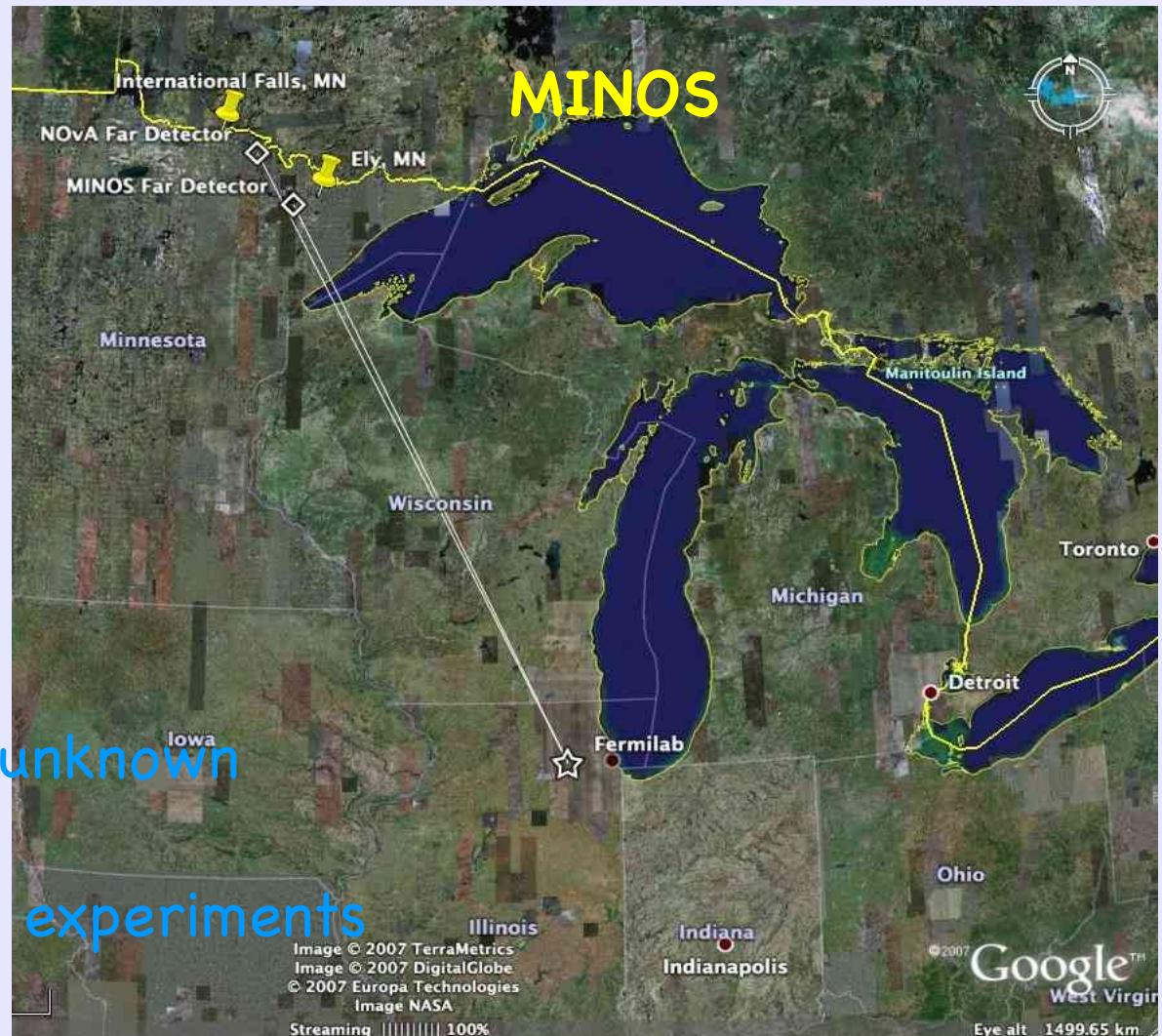
DoubleChooz: $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} < 0.03$



MINOS: Accelerator ν_μ .
Looking for ν_e appearance,
 ν_μ disappearance, sterile ν
Detect $\nu_e + \text{Fe} \rightarrow e + X$ (CC)

- NuMI beam from FNAL
- Baseline: 735 km
- Far detector in Soudan Mine
- Near detector at 1 km.

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MINOS detectors

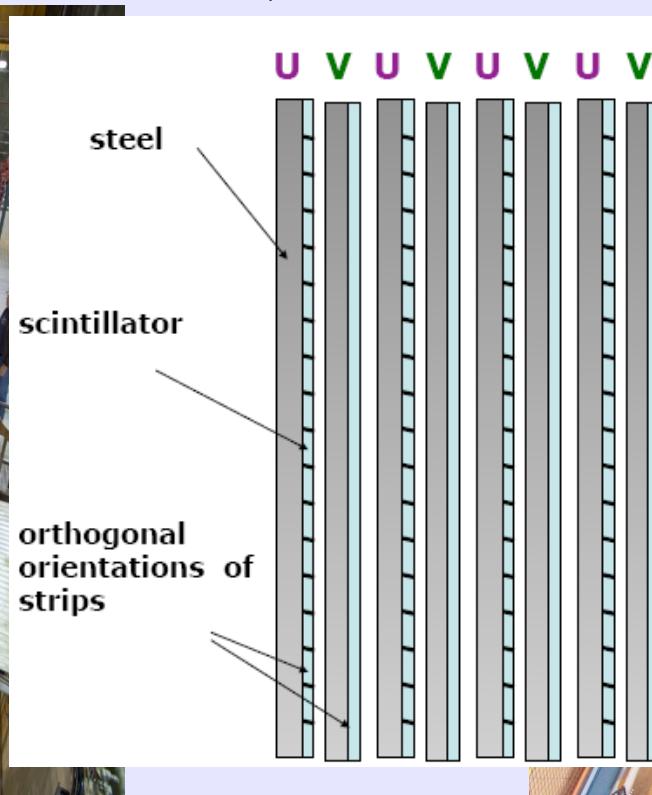
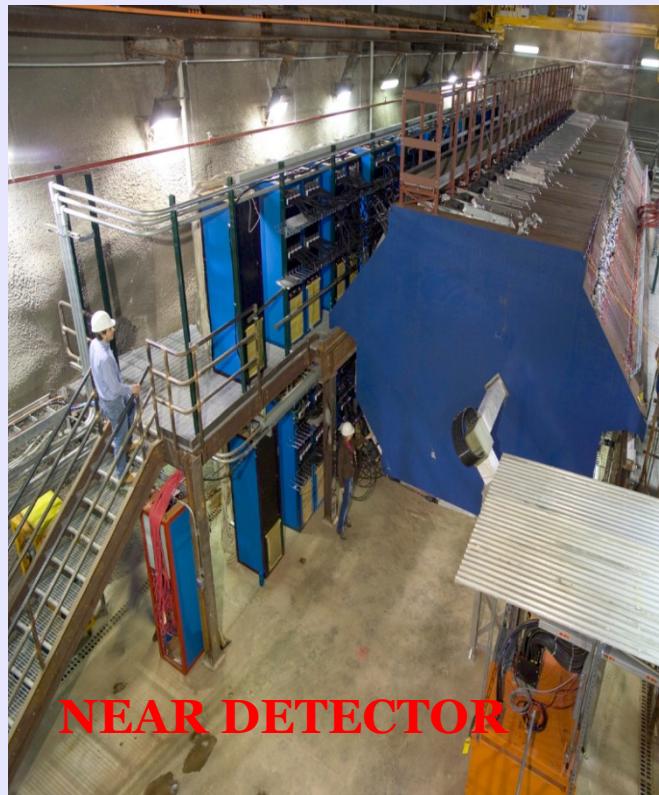
Steel/scintillator sampling calorimeters, magnetised $\sim 1.3\text{T}$

Near Detector:

1km downstream of target, $\sim 1\text{kT}$ total mass, shaped as squashed octagon
 $4.8 \times 3.8 \times 15\text{m}^3$, partially instrumented (282 steel, 153 scintillator planes)

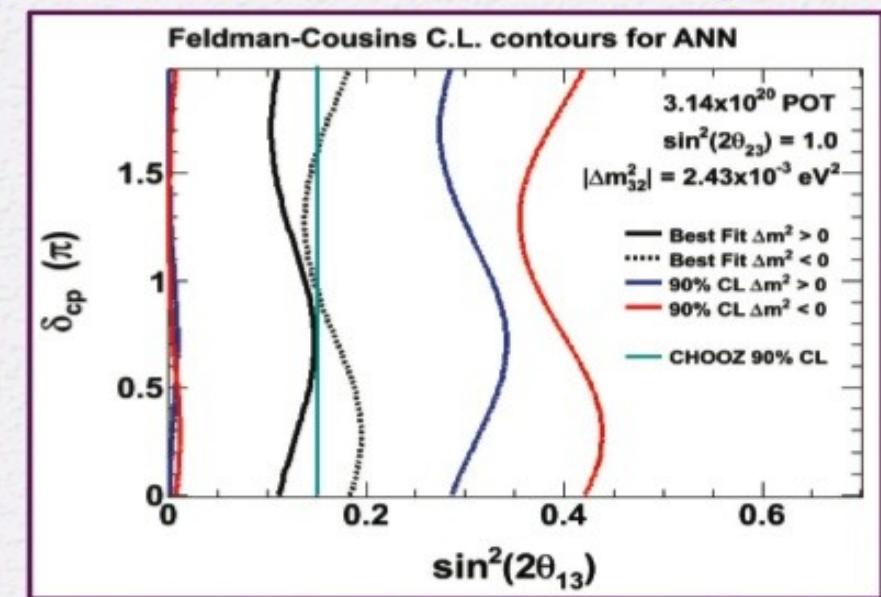
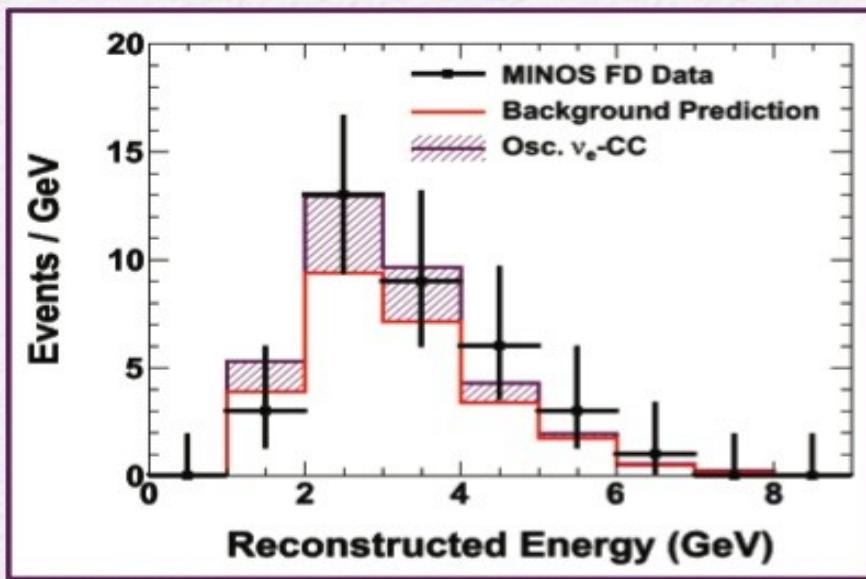
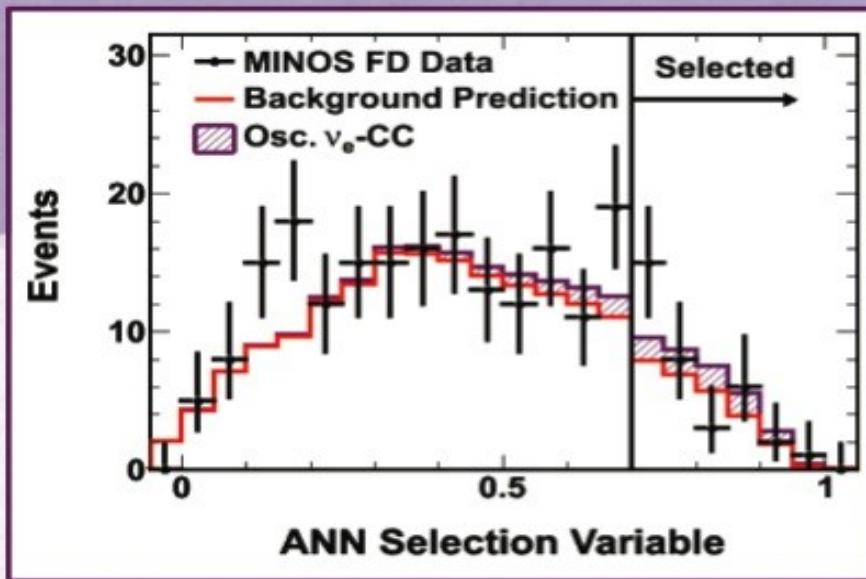
Far Detector:

735km downstream of target, 5.4kT with 2 supermodules shaped as octagonal prism
 $8 \times 8 \times 30\text{m}^3$, 486 steel, 484 scintillator planes)



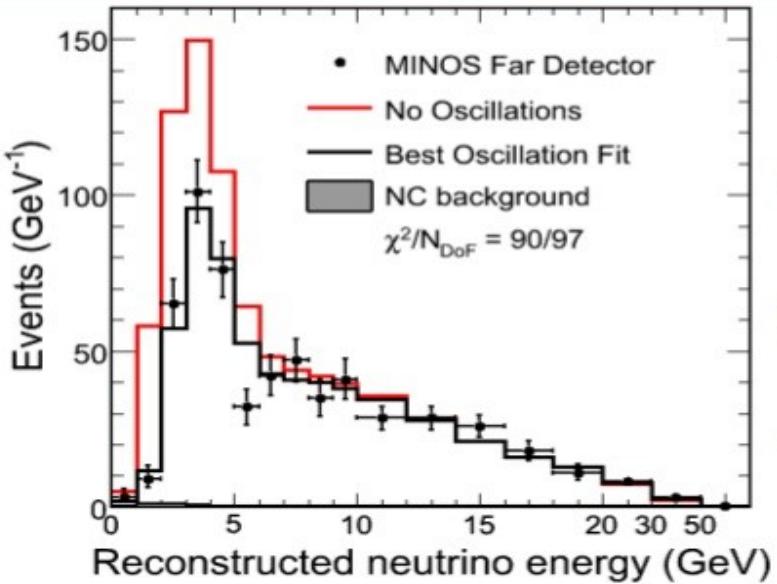
MINOS $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ Search

With an exposure of 3.14×10^{20} POT
 BG Expectation: $27 \pm 5(\text{stat.}) \pm 2(\text{syst.})$ events
 FD Observation: 35 events
 1.5σ excess of events over background



Analysis with double the exposure,
 coming soon!

MINOS disappearance highlights



Unconstrained fit:

$$|\Delta m|^2 = (2.43 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta) > 0.95$$

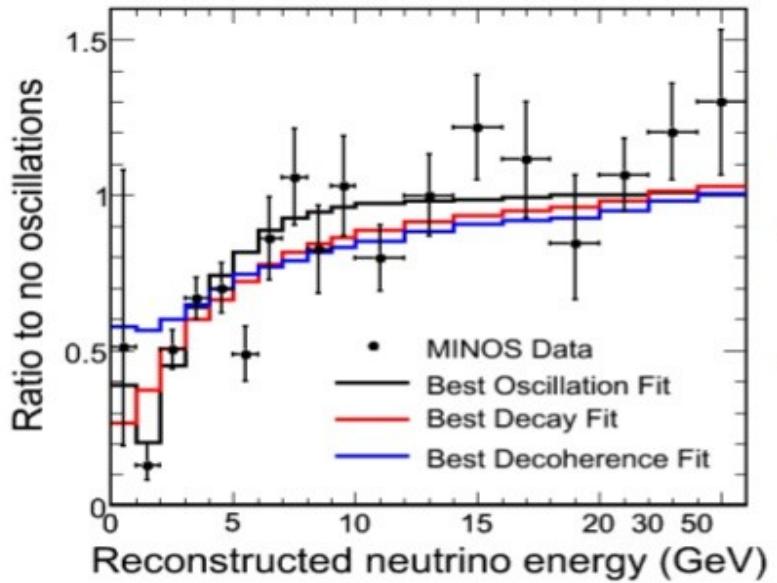
[$\chi^2/\text{ndof} = 90/97$, 68% C.L.]

Constrained ($\sin^2(2\theta)=1$) fit:

$$|\Delta m|^2 = 2.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta) = 1.07$$

[$\Delta\chi^2 = -0.6$]



Decay

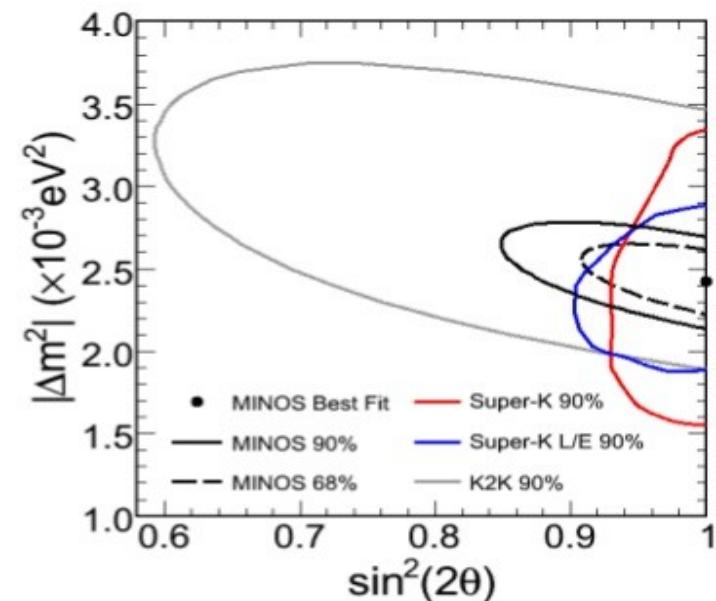
$$\Delta\chi^2 = 14$$

disfavored at 3.7σ

Decoherence

$$\Delta\chi^2 = 33$$

disfavored at 5.7σ



MINOS search for active neutrino disappearance

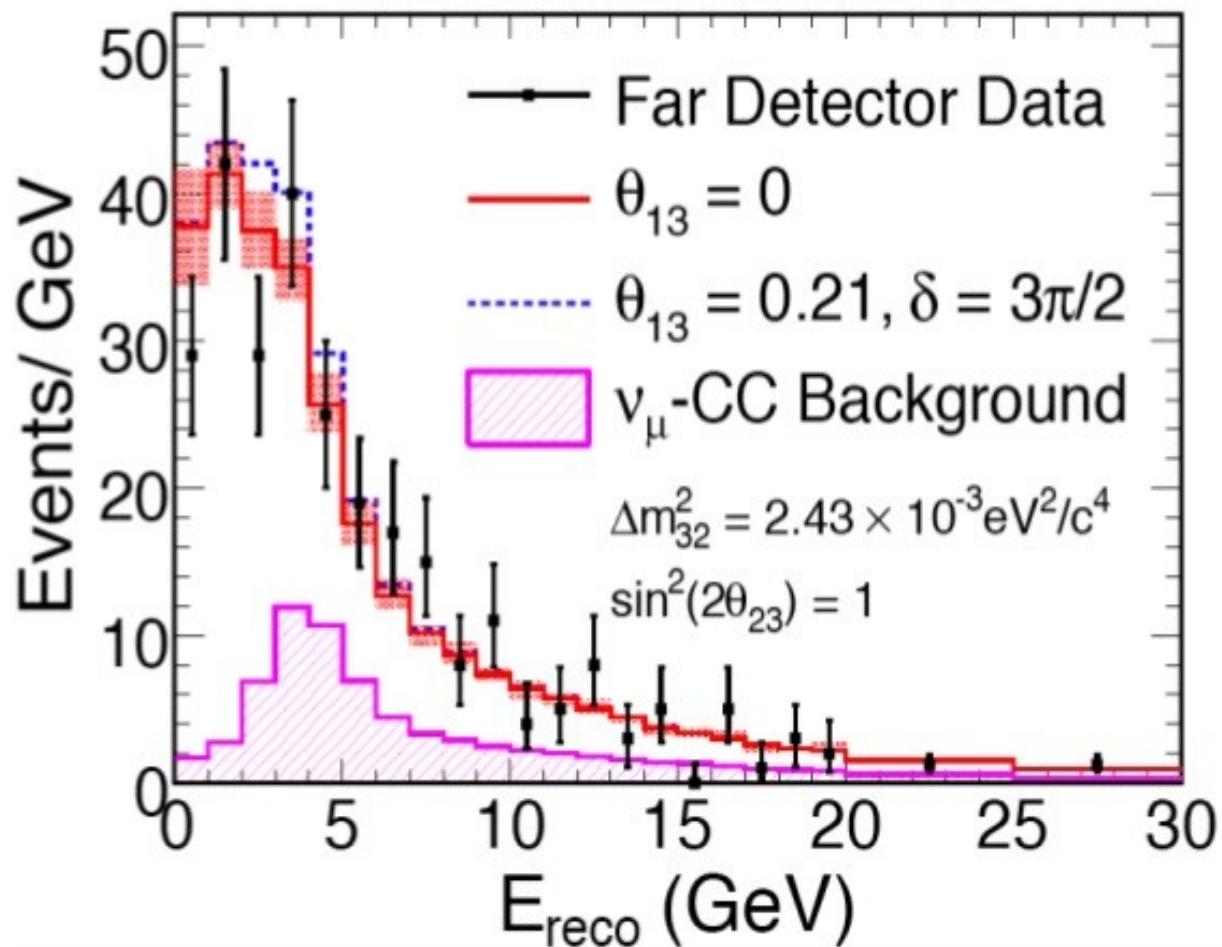
PRL 101, 221804 (2008)

ν_e -decay width \rightarrow 3
active ν flavours.

Sterile ν do not interact
via weak force.

Sterile $\nu \rightarrow$ deficit of
NC events in MINOS.

f_s = fraction of
disappearing ν_μ that
could convert to ν_s .



$$f_s \equiv \frac{P_{\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_s}}{1 - P_{\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu}} < 0.68 \text{ (90% CL)}$$

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Lancaster University
IOP HEP 2010

MINOS upcoming!

April 9th!

New ν_e result with 2x statistics.

2010

ν_μ , $\bar{\nu}_\mu$, sterile ν .

Just finished $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ run with 1.8×10^{20} POT.

Switching back to ν_μ .

Plan to run until Oct 2011

T2K: Accelerator ν_μ .

Looking for ν_e appearance,
 ν_μ disappearance, δ

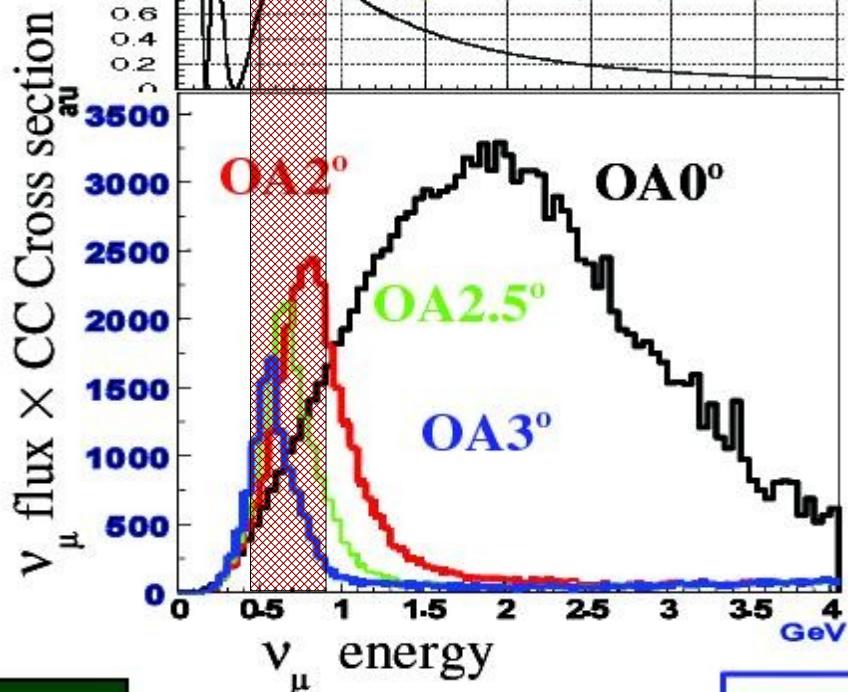
- 2 near detectors at 280 m
 - INGRID (on-axis)
 - ND280 (off-axis)
- Far detector at 295 km
 - SuperKamiokande

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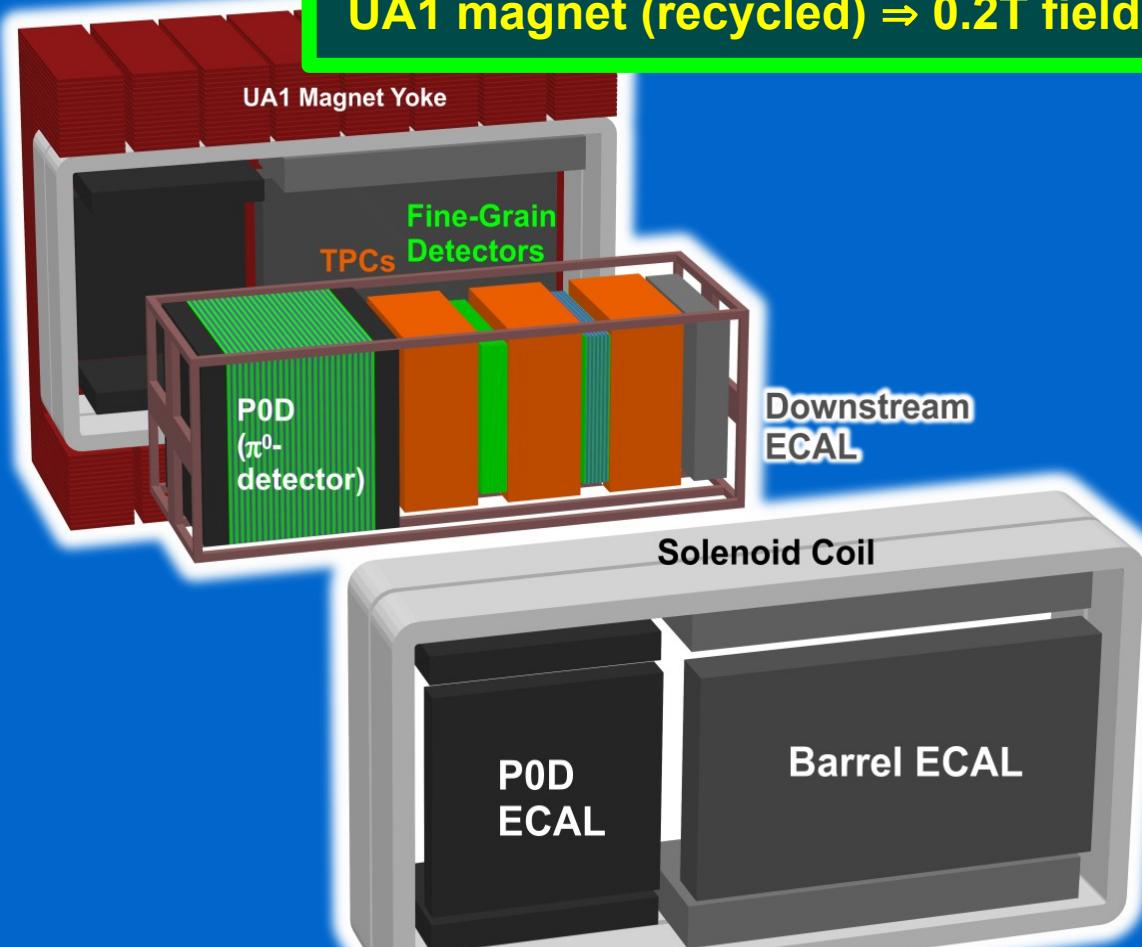
$$\Delta m^2 = 3 \times 10^{-3}$$

Osc. Prob. =
 $\sin^2(1.27\Delta m^2 L/E_\nu)$

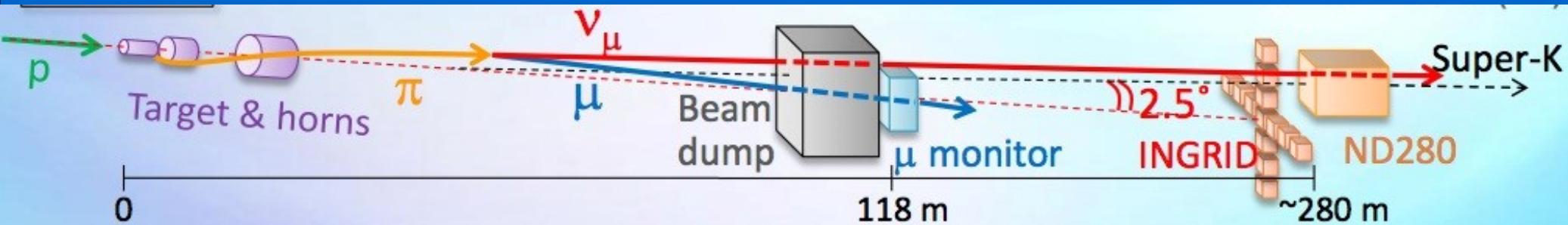


Off axis-beam \Rightarrow narrow band,
just the ν we want.

UA1 magnet (recycled) \Rightarrow 0.2T field



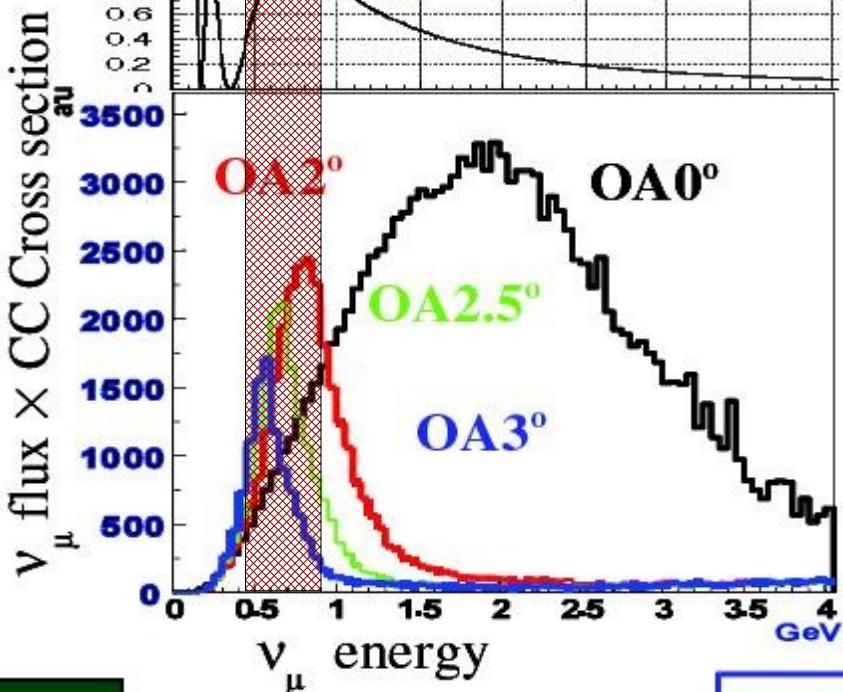
Detect $\nu_\mu + O,C \rightarrow \mu + X$ (CC)



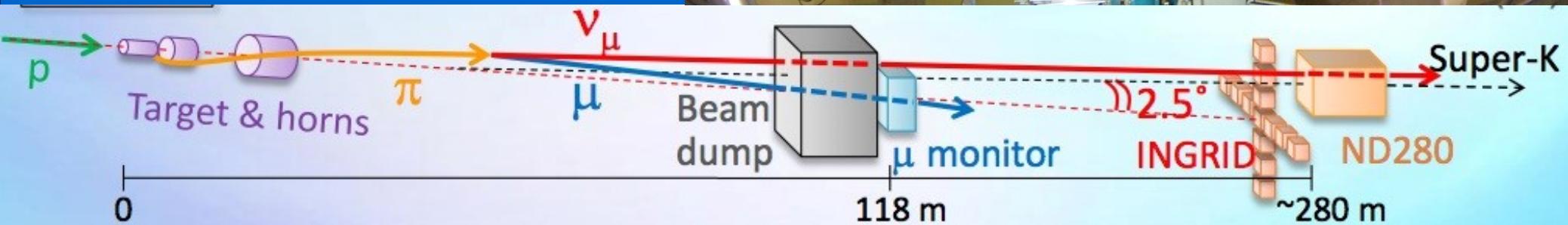
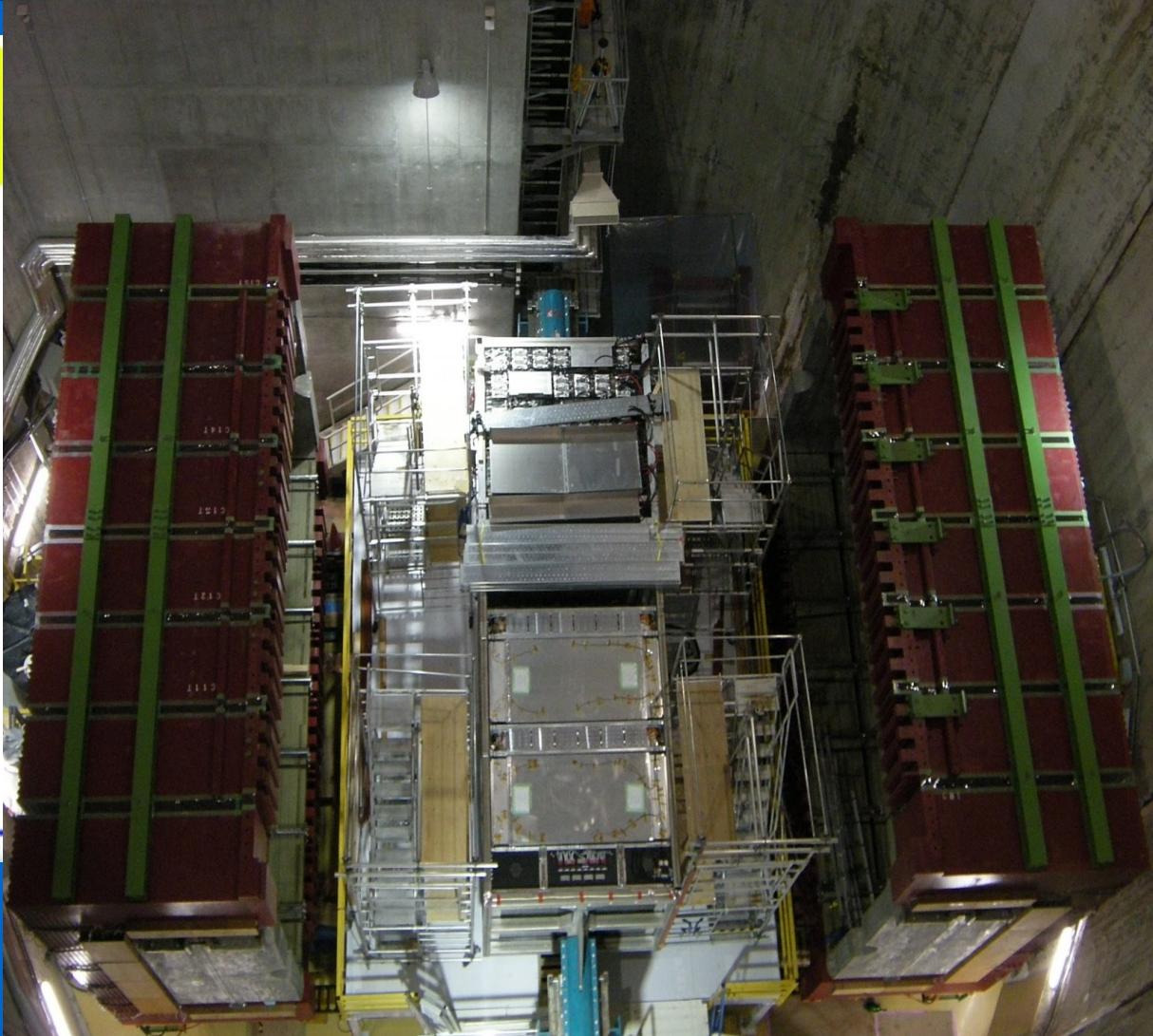
Laura Kormos
Lancaster University
IOP HEP 2010

$$\Delta m^2 = 3 \times 10^{-3}$$

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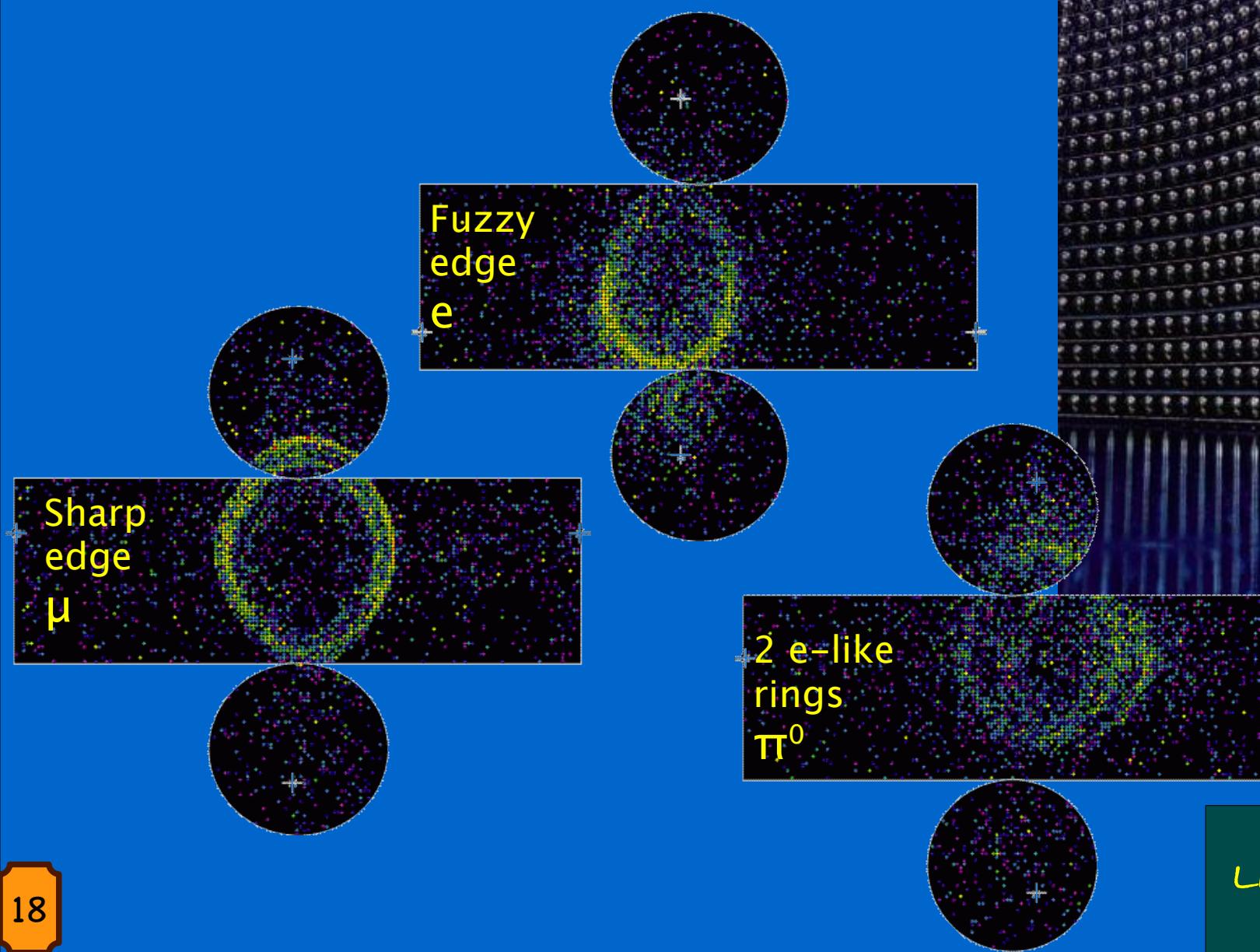


Off axis-beam \Rightarrow narrow band,
just the ν we want.



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IOP HEP 2010

SK: 50,000 tons
water-Cherenkov
cylindrical detector
in the Kamioka mountains.



First $\text{ND}280$ Neutrino Event19th Dec 2009 07:40

Event number : 491 | Partition : INVAL

1

POD

TPC1
(not there yet)

TPC2

TPC3
(not yet
fully read out)

FGD1

FGD2

DS ECal

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First $\bar{\nu}D280$ Neutrino Event19th Dec 2009 07:40

Event number : 491 | Partition : INVAL

1

POD

TPC1

Now working!

TPC2

TPC3

Now working!

FGD1

FGD2

DS ECal

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First T_2K Event at SK

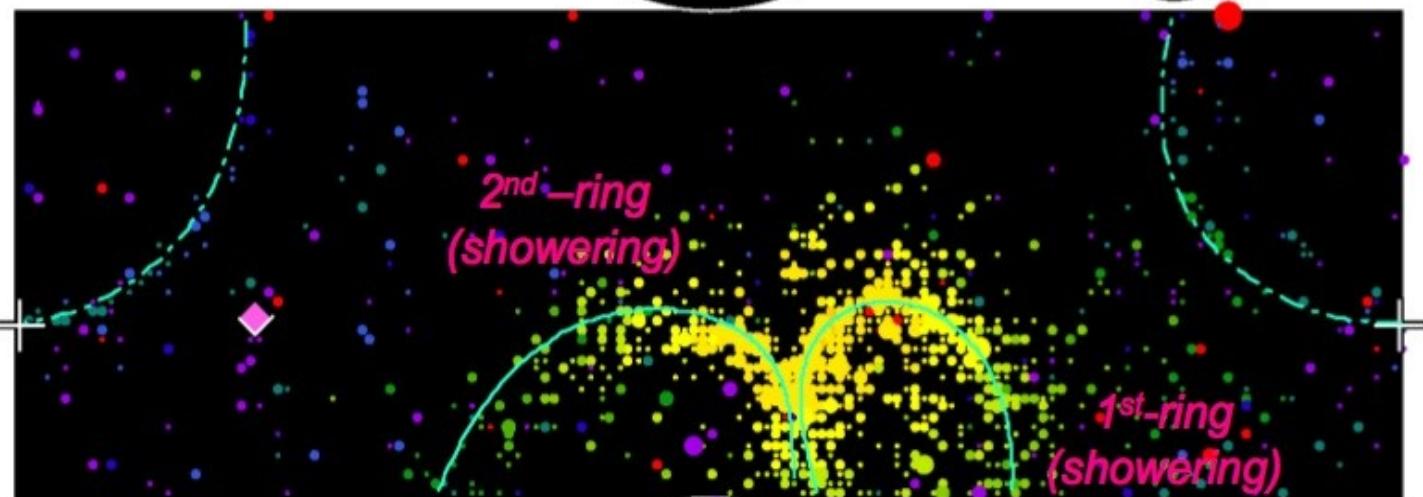
24th Feb
2010
06:00

Super-Kamiokande IV

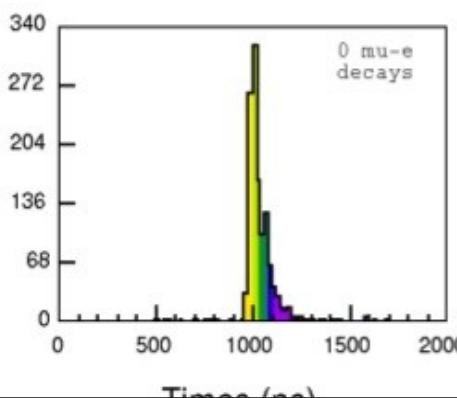
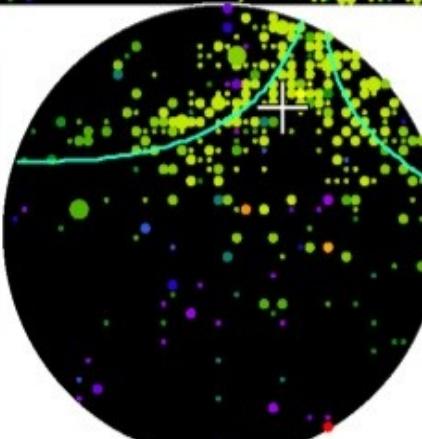
T2K Beam Run 0 Spill 1143942
Run 66498 Sub 160 Event 37004533
10-02-24:06:00:06
T2K beam dt = 2362.3 ns
Inner: 1265 hits, 2344 pe
Outer: 2 hits, 1 pe
Trigger: 0x80000007
D_wall: 650.8 cm

Time(ns)

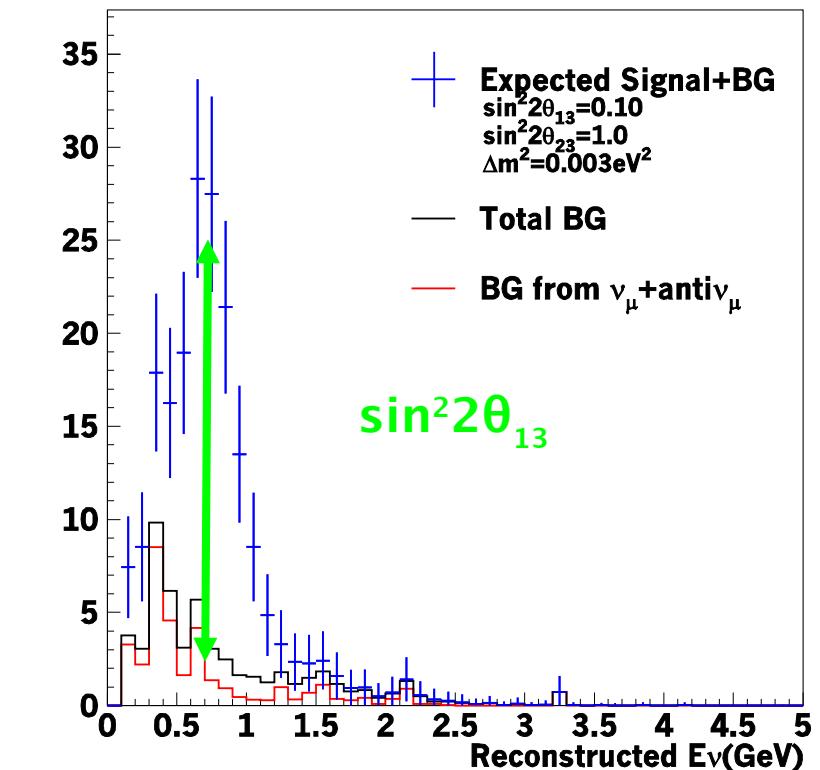
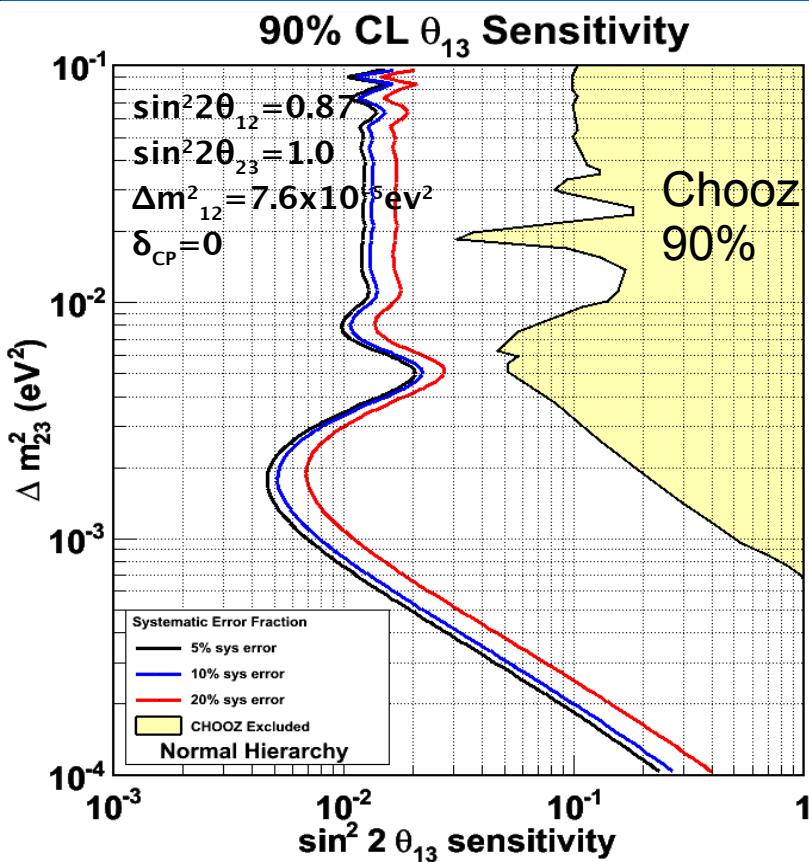
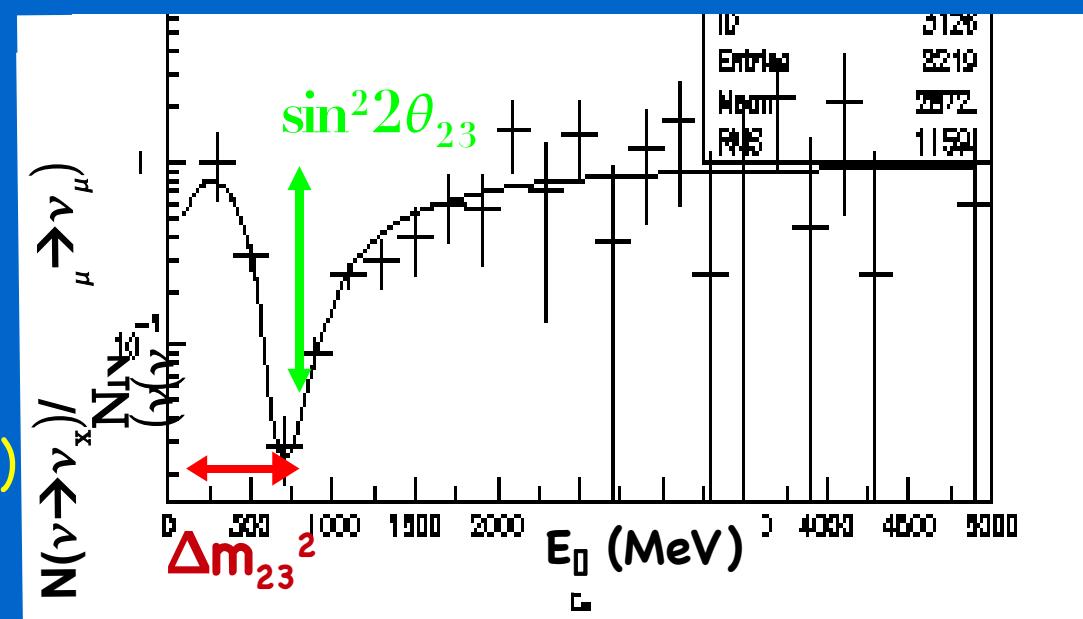
- < 921
- 921- 935
- 935- 949
- 949- 963
- 963- 977
- 977- 991
- 991-1005
- 1005-1019
- 1019-1033
- 1033-1047
- 1047-1061
- 1061-1075
- 1075-1089
- 1089-1103
- 1103-1117
- >1117



1st ring + 2nd ring
Invariant mass : $133 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
(close to π^0 mass)
momentum : $148 \text{ MeV}/c$



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ν_e appearance

 ν_μ disappearance


Predicted sensitivity to
 θ_{13} (ν_e appearance) and
 θ_{23} (ν_μ disappearance) after
5 years (750 kW) of beam (end 2014)

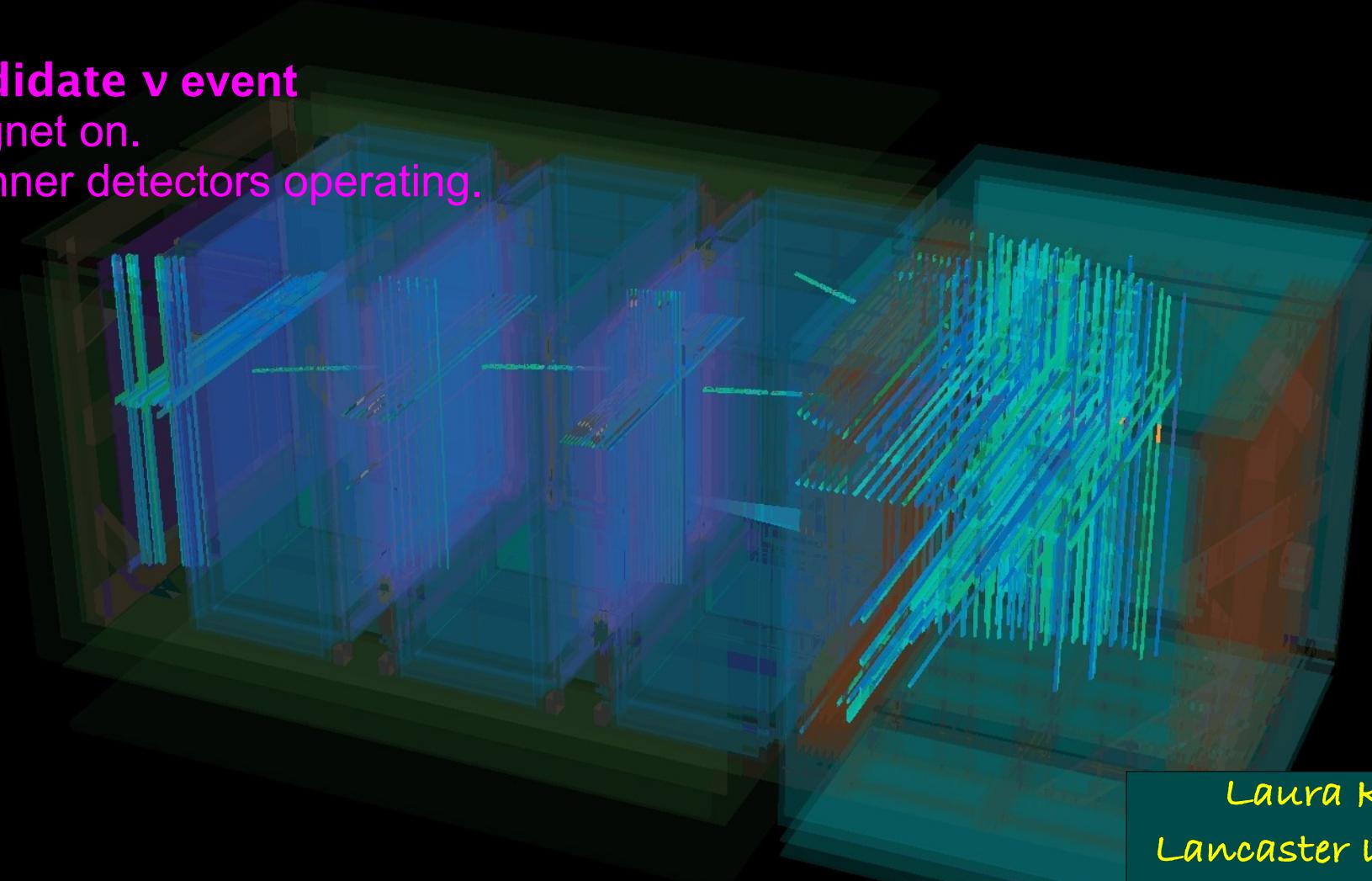
Current status:

- taking ν data until summer shutdown (Jul-Sep).
- beam group working to improve intensity/stability.
- everyone working to develop/refine analyses.
- finishing initial detector calibrations.

Event number : 1609 | Partition : 63 | Run number : 2593 | Spill : 7205 | SubRun number :INVALID | Time : Fri 2010-02-05 01:57:45 JST

candidate ν event

- magnet on.
- all inner detectors operating.



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Nova: Accelerator ν_μ .
**Looking for ν_e appearance,
 ν_μ disappearance, δ , mass
hierarchy.**

Detect $\nu_\mu + N \rightarrow \mu + N'$ (CC)

- NuMI beam from FNAL

- Baseline: 810 km

- off-axis 0.8° , 2 GeV

- ◆ Neutrinos – known and unknown
- ◆ Neutrino experiments
- ◆ Long and short baseline experiments

- ◆ Chooz/Double Chooz

- ◆ MINOS

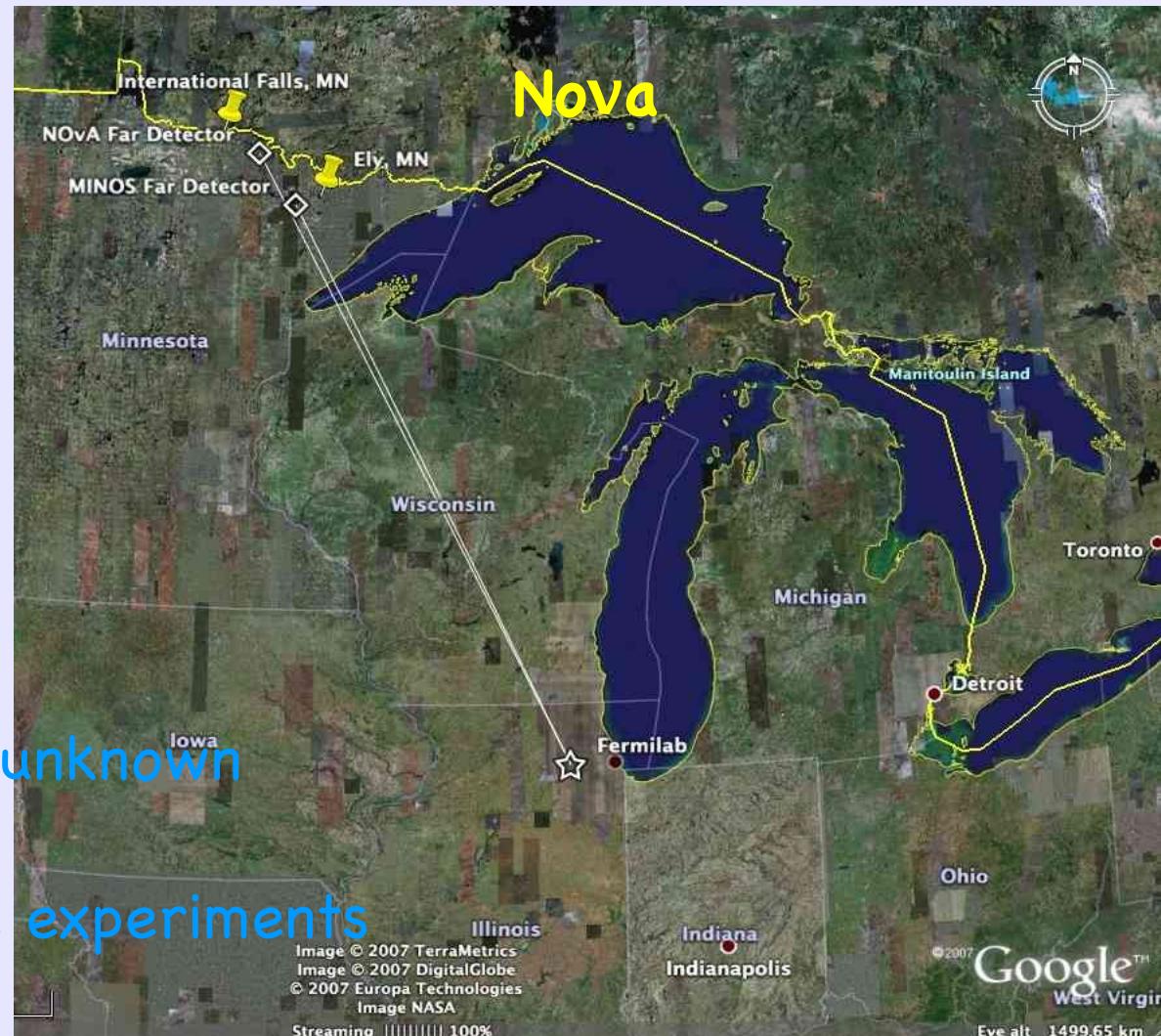
- ◆ T2K

- ◆ **Nova**

- ◆ Daya Bay

- ◆ Future frontiers

- ◆ The Next Big Measurement



Nova: Accelerator ν_μ .
**Looking for ν_e appearance,
 ν_μ disappearance, δ , mass
hierarchy.**

Detect $\nu_\mu + N \rightarrow \mu + N'$ (CC)

- NuMI beam from FNAL
- Baseline: 810 km
 - off-axis 0.8° , 2 GeV
- Far detector 15 kT
 - Ash River MN
- Identical Near detector
 - 215 T at 1 km.
- 3 years ν_μ , 3 years anti- ν_μ .



ND taking data *on surface* spring 2010. Move UG autumn 2011.
FD construction 2011-2013. Modular → data after 1st few kT.
Sensitivity ~ T2K, reactor experiments.

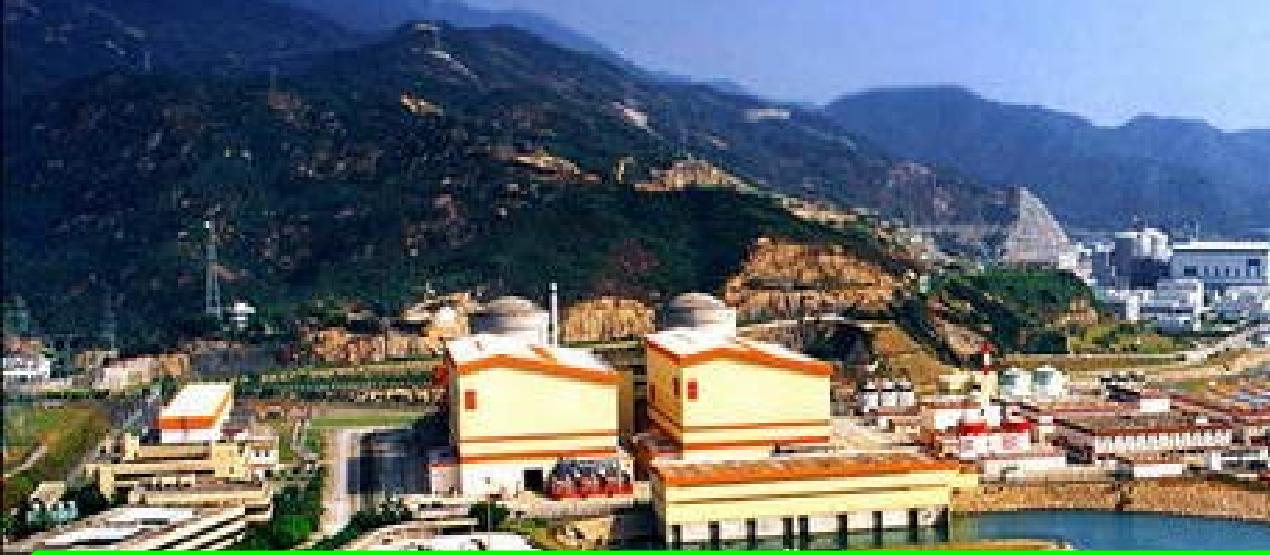
Daya Bay - Reactor anti- ν_e search for θ_{13} .



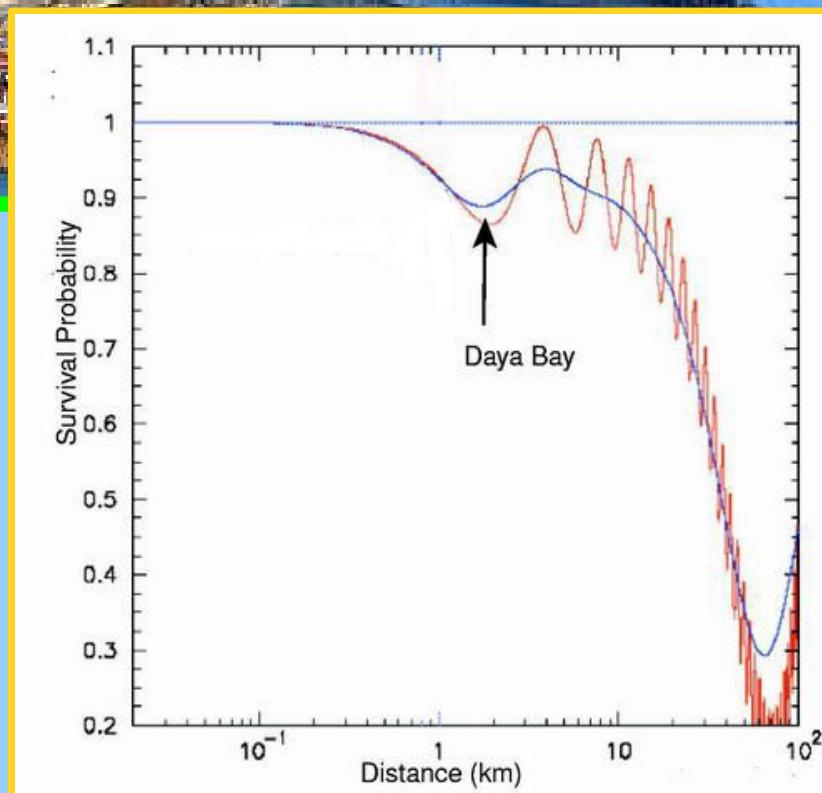
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- ◆ **Daya Bay**
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- 70 km NE of Hong Kong airport.
- Detectors underground in the hills.

Daya Bay - Reactor anti- ν_e search for θ_{13} .

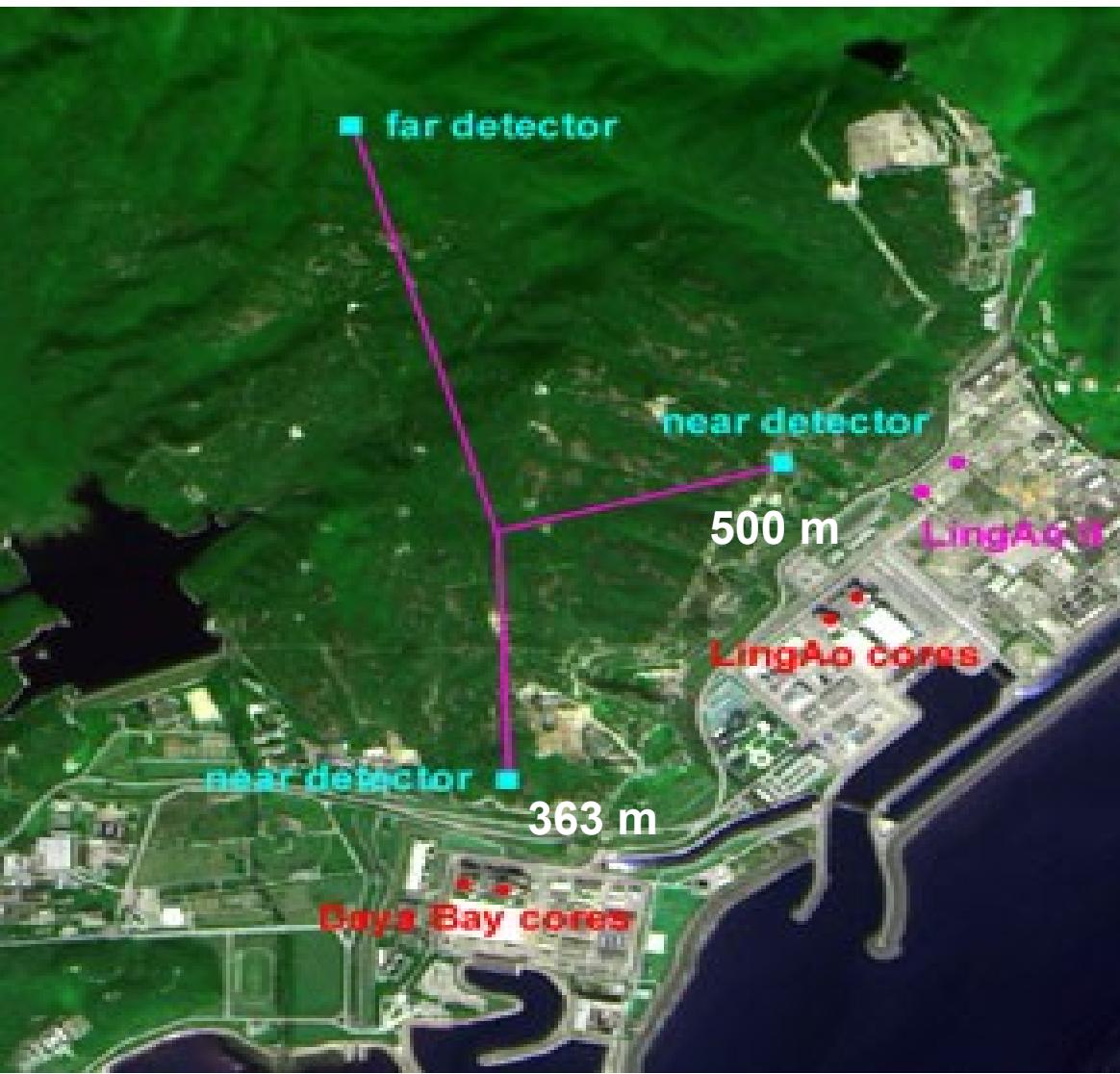


- 2 power plants, 2 ND, 1 FD.
- 8 moveable, identical, interchangeable 20 T, anti-nu detector (AD) modules.
- Each ND has 2 modules.
- FD has 4 modules.
- Expect 1% sensitivity.
- Peak $E_\nu = 4 \text{ MeV}$.
- $\overline{\nu}_e + p \rightarrow n + e^+$



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Daya Bay - Reactor anti- ν_e search for θ_{13} .

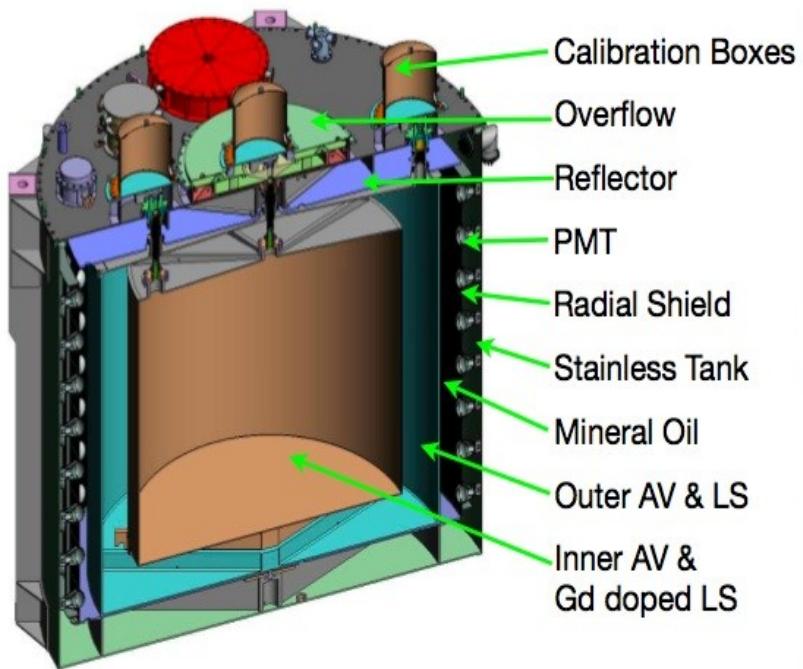


Baselines in meters

reactors \ sites	DYB	LA	far
Daya Bay	363	1347	1985
Ling Ao I	857	481	1618
Ling Ao II	1307	526	1613

Expected number of IBD events,
hall depth, expected muon and
background rates.

	DYB	LA	far
IBD Event/AD/day	840	760	90
Hall depth (m)	98	112	350
Muon Rate/AD (Hz)	36	22	1.2
Accidental B/S (%)	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.1
Fast neutron B/S (%)	0.1	0.1	0.1
${}^8\text{He}/{}^9\text{Li}$ B/S (%)	0.3	0.2	0.2

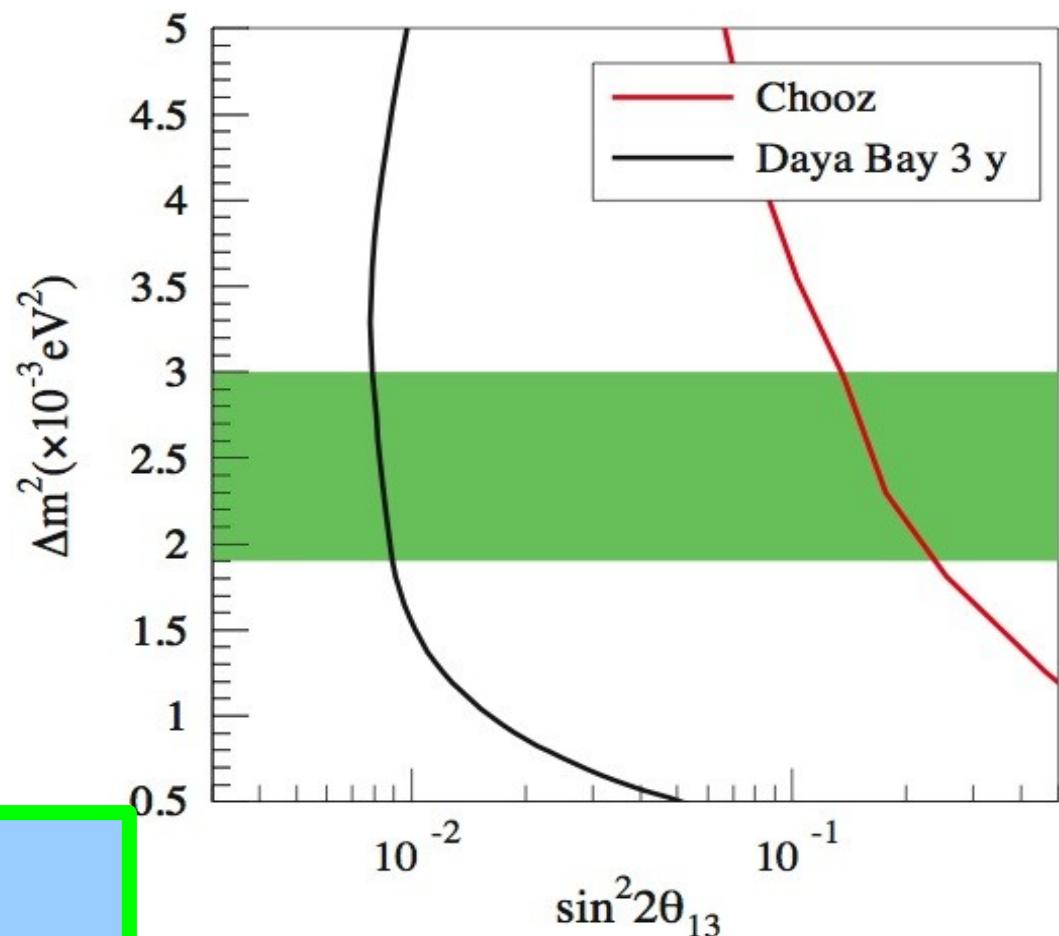


- Civil construction started 2007.
- First pair of ADs to Daya Bay 2009.
- Data 2010.
- 3 years to reach sensitivity goal.



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3 years 90% CL.
 Green band is 90%
 Confidence region
 on Δm^2_{13} .



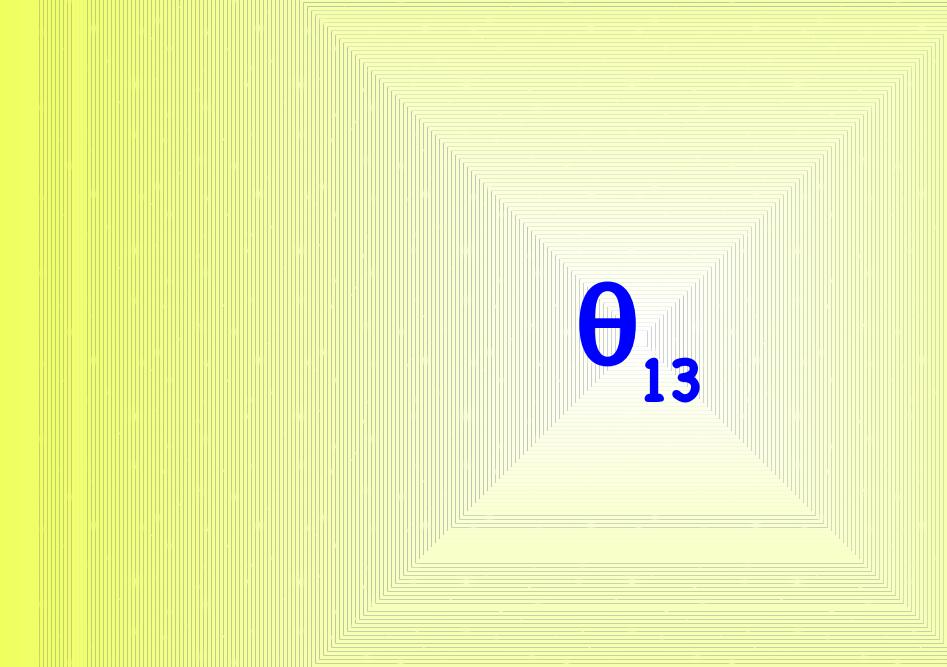
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- First pair of ADs to Daya Bay 2009.
- Data 2010.
- 3 years to reach sensitivity goal.



What does the future hold?

- * Many new experiments coming online now or in the next 5 years.
- * Possible upgrades (depending on what we find)
 - * T2HK, T2HKK,
 - * DUSEL
 - * β -beams, ν -factories
 - * All-purpose neutrino/DM/0 $\nu\beta\beta$ sites.

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- ◆ MINOS
- ◆ T2K
- ◆ Nova
- ◆ Daya Bay
- ◆ Future frontiers
- ◆ The Next Big Measurement



θ_{13}

- Neutrinos – known and unknown
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θ_{13} constrains existing models
(GUT, tribimaximal mixing, flavour models).

If large enough, we next measure δ .

(It could be why we're all here....)

See next talks for more details!

- Neutrinos – known and unknown
- Neutrino experiments
- Long and short baseline experiments
- Chooz/Double Chooz
- MINOS
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